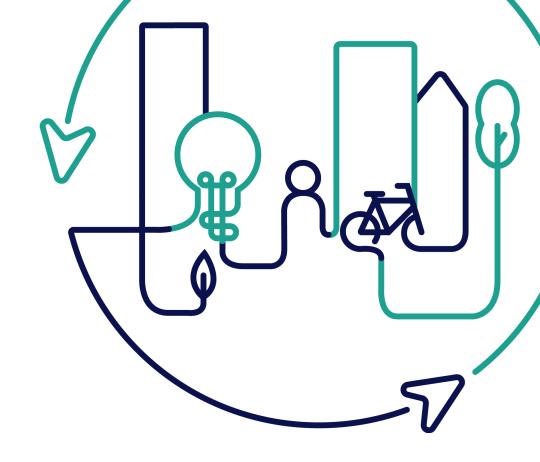
EUROPEAN U R B A N INITIATIVE

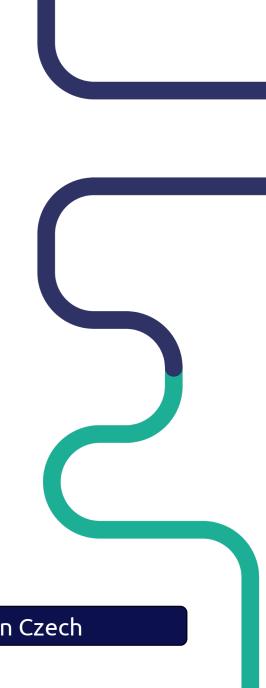




EUI Capacity Building event in Czechia Improving metropolitan cooperation for the implementation of Integrated Territorial Investments

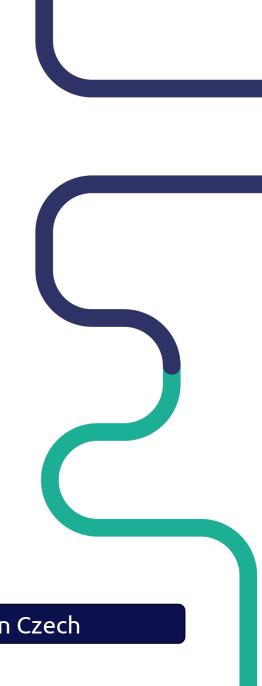
Welcome to our EUI Event on behalf of the Ministry of Regional Development

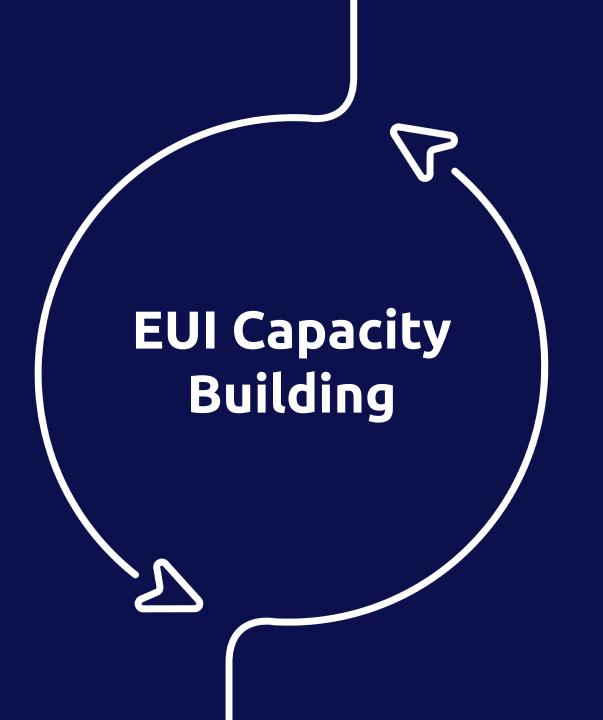
Zbyněk Šimánek, Ministry of Regional Development, Czechia



Welcome to our EUI Event on behalf of the European Commission

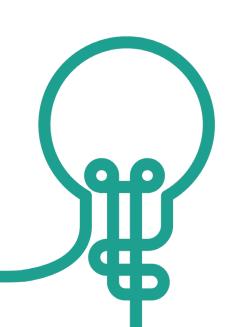
Andrea Hlavata, DG REGIO, European Commission





Paul Janson

Capacity Building Officer paul@urban-initiative.eu



EUI Capacity Building in Short

One target

EU cities working on Sustainable Urban Development (SUD)

Two objectives

- Build cities' capacities in integrated, participative approaches
- Improve design & implementation of SUD policies & practices

Three activities

- City-to-City Exchanges
- Peer Reviews
- Capacity Building Events



Capacity Building Events

Bring together **urban authorities, managing authorities** and **key stakeholders** to exchange information with each other and with European Commission on policy issues related to SUD.

Objective: Build cities' capacities to work in integrated, participatory way, and improve design and implementation of SUD strategies, policies, practices.

Topic: Implementation of Article 11 ERDF and innovative actions across the EU, as well as relevant and thematic policy issues related to SUD.

Format: Mix of plenaries, interactive workshops, skills or tool-based trainings, with networking and matchmaking activities. Events may be EU-wide, involving a cluster of MS, or Country-specific.



City-to-City Exchange

- > Study visits among cities from different EU Member States
- Brings together an urban authority facing a specific problem related to SUD ('the applicant')
- > And another 1-2 urban authorities from different EU Member State with expertise to tackle this challenge ('the peers')
- ➤ Tailored to applicant needs: any SUD topic can be tackled, 1-3 visits per application, 2-5 days per visit, 1 or 2 peer cities, moderated by expert or not
- Simple application form, less than two A4 pages
- Quick implementation: Permanently open call, applications approved within 1 month and implemented within 5 months





More: https://www.urban-initiative.eu/capacity-building/pilot-call-c2c-exchanges



Title: Digital Transition for Function Urban Areas



Title: Elderly Empowerment and Care Exchange in Usti nad Labem and Rezekne district



Title: Integrating user-centric services, sustainability and innovation in the city strategy



N. Of Visits: 1 to Tallin Challenge: Promote digitization, both in the public sphere and in cooperation with partners, and municipal companies.



N. Of Visits: 2
Challenge: How to prevent the elderly people from moving to nursing homes which is the financial burden to the municipality budget.



N. Of Visits: 1 to Prague Challenge: How to create more human-centered services by empowering service owners and other accountable people in city administrations.

Peer Reviews

Cities come together for 2-day event to solve challenges related to SUD strategies (those financed through art.11 ERDF)

Each PR: usually 3 cities under review & 15 peer reviewers

Cities Under Review: EU urban authorities on Article 11 list (www.urban-initiative.eu/article-11-cities)

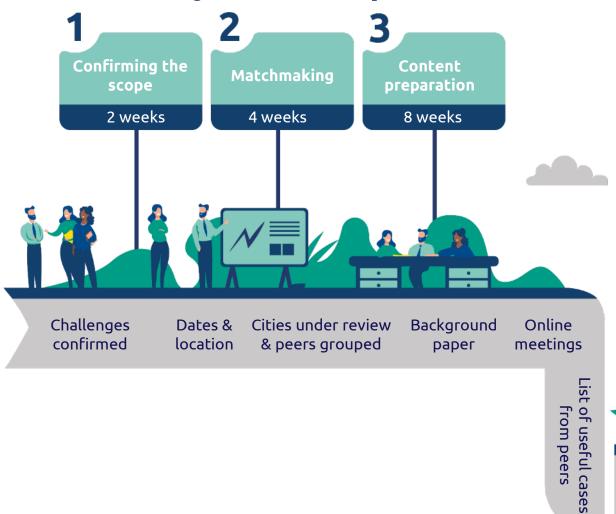
Peer Reviewers: Any EU urban authority interested in integrated, place-based approaches to SUD



- > **Fixed methodology** and implementation over 4 to 6 months
- Support from a team of experts throughout the process
- > Travel costs for all, staff costs for peer reviewers
- > 5 peer reviews held so far (EL, PT, PL, RO, CY), 1 upcoming in Dec (IT)

TITLE

An activity in five steps



Peer review event 2 days

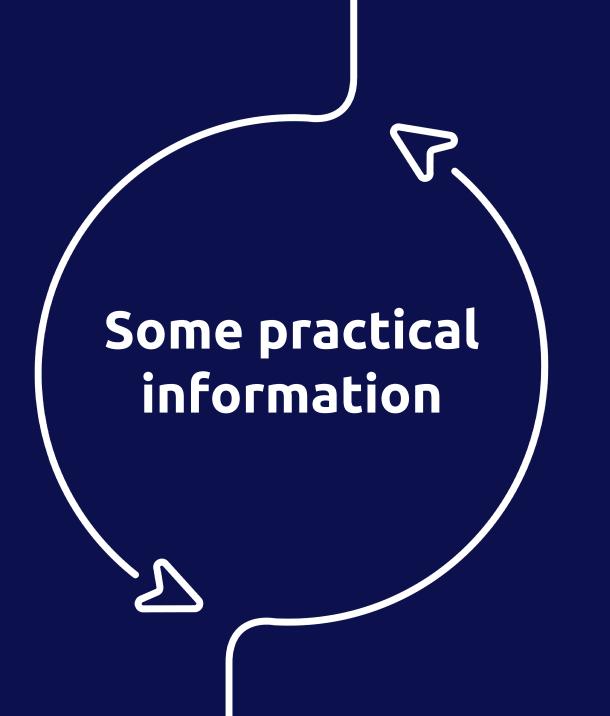


2-day in-person event

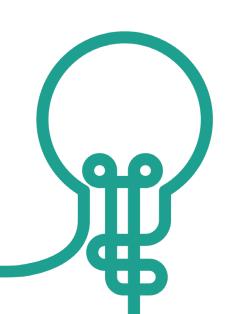


received city-to-city exchange meeting





Presentation in English



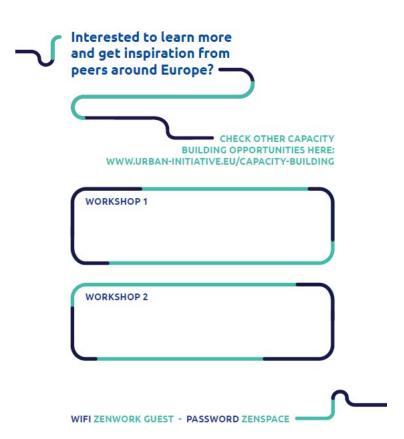
What's on your badge

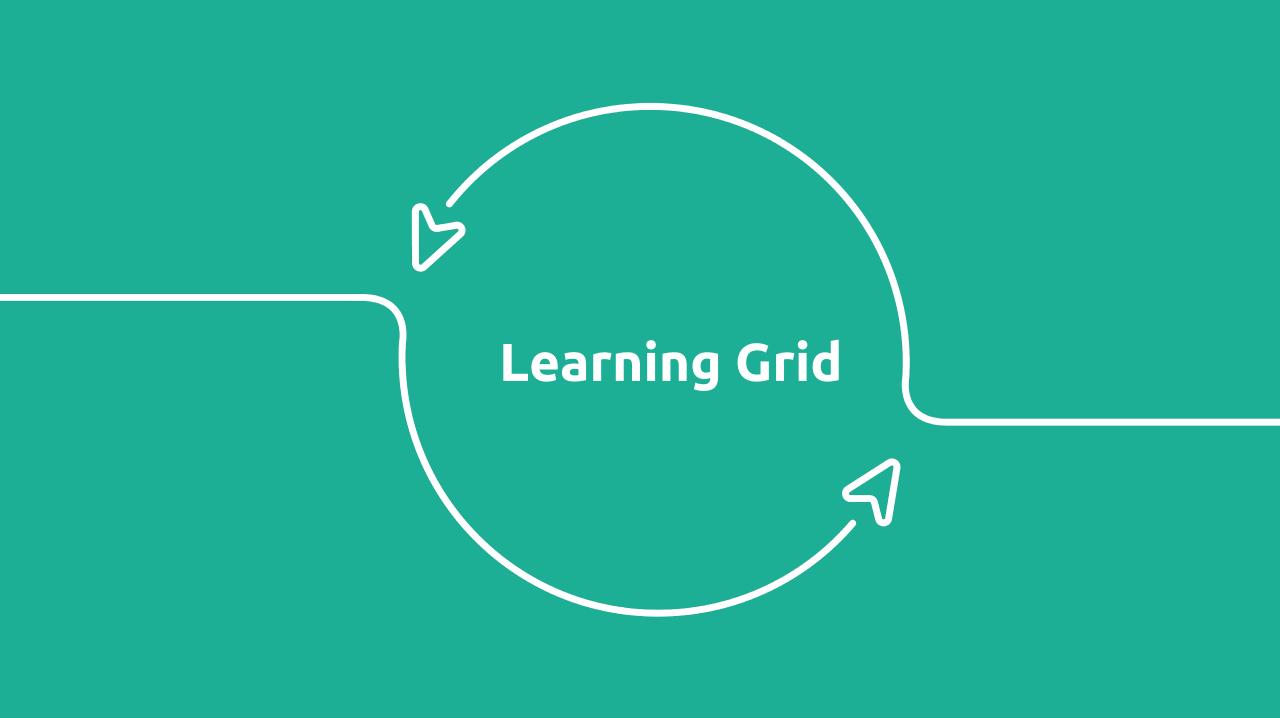
U R B A N INITIATIVE

IMPROVING METROPOLITAN =
COOPERATION
FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF INTEGRATED TERRITORIAL
INVESTMENTS

PRAGUE, CZECH REPUBLIC 27-28 NOVEMBER 2024







Learning Grid

- What is the LAG? The individual LAG is a simple tool to allow you to capture interesting things you hear or learn during the event.
- Who is it for? The individual LAG is for everyone.
- What do I need to do? All participants should capture the key learnings by responding the first two questions, during each session, and note any references to specific projects, good practice etc. Also refer to specific actions which you would like to follow up in response to the third question. There is also an open space for comments and questions at the end.



Today's Agenda

```
9:45-10:15 - Session 1: Introduction to ITI in Czechia and the EU.
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10:15-11:45 - Session 2: Metropolitan cooperation and the role of ITIs.

11:45-13:00 – Parallel Workshops

13:00-14:00 - Lunch Break

14:00-14:15 – Key Learnings from the morning

14:15-17:00 – Session 3: Metropolitan cooperation in a multi-level context



Session 1

Introduction to ITI in Czechia and the EU

Presentation in Czech

The Evolution of Czech ITI

Zbyněk Šimánek, Ministry of Regional Development, Czechia



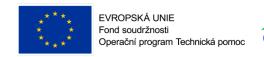


MINISTERSTVO PRO MÍSTNÍ ROZVOJ Národní orgán pro koordinaci

Integrované územní investice v České republice: Evoluce nástroje 2013-2024

Zbyněk Šimánek

27, 11, 2024



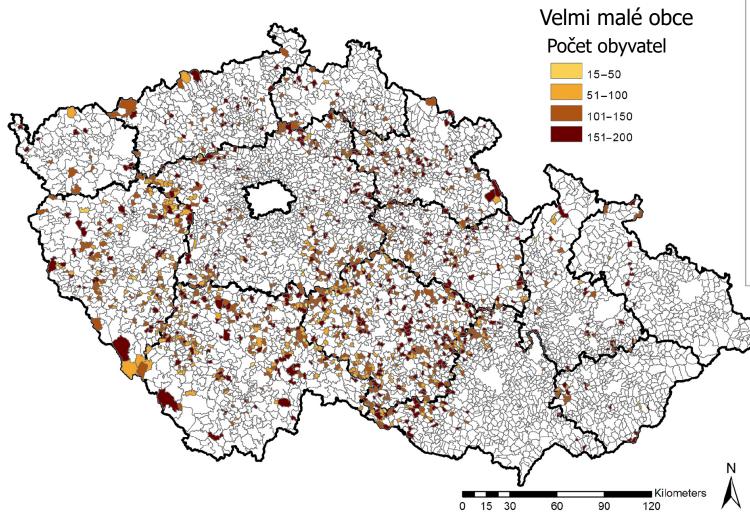


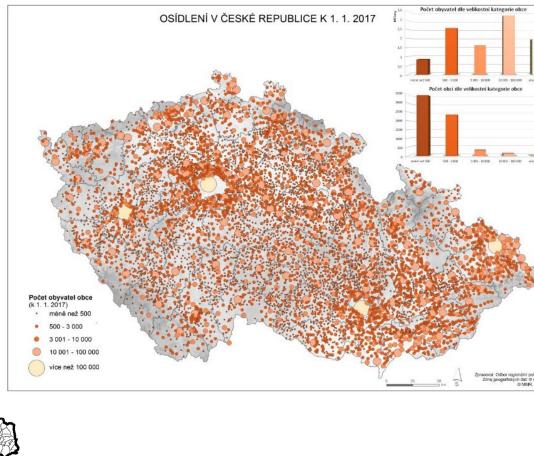
ITI jako nástroj politiky soudržnosti EU

- Počáteční nejistota
- Každý členský stát EU uchopil nástroj odlišně
- Výrazná změna územního přístupu
- Zohlednění místních specifik
- Plánování ve střednědobém a dlouhodobém horizontu
- Časová a prostorová návaznost investic
- Podpora generování kvalitnějších projektů a absorpční kapacity v území



Obce v ČR





Velmi malé obce s méně než 200 obyvateli k 1. 1. 2016. Zdroj: © ArcČR ARCDATA PRAHA, ZÚ, ČSÚ, 2016, A. Lešková, A. Vaishar.

Očekávání spojená s nástrojem ITI



POSÍLENÍ ÚLOHY MĚST V REGIONÁLNÍM ROZVOJI



NÁSTROJ NAPOMÁHÁ SPOLUPRÁCI SOUSEDNÍCH OBCÍ

Nástroj ITI v programovém období 2014–2020: ČR

- Široké spektrum aktivit z ESIF
- Zapojení 7 operačních programů / 3 fondů
- ITI se podíleli na hodnocení projektů
- Vedle sebe existovaly
 - nositel (odpovědný za strategii) a
 - zprostředkující subjekt (odpovědný za posouzení projektů)



Nástroj ITI v programovém období 2014– 2020: ČB

- Koordinační úloha MMR (pravidla, financování)
- Udržitelný rozvoj měst (SUD)
- Vedle ITI vytvořen národní nástroj IPRÚ pro menší aglomerace
- Zprostředkující subjekty pomáhaly v procesu, ale systém byl komplikovanější



Integrované územní investice v ČR (2021-2027)

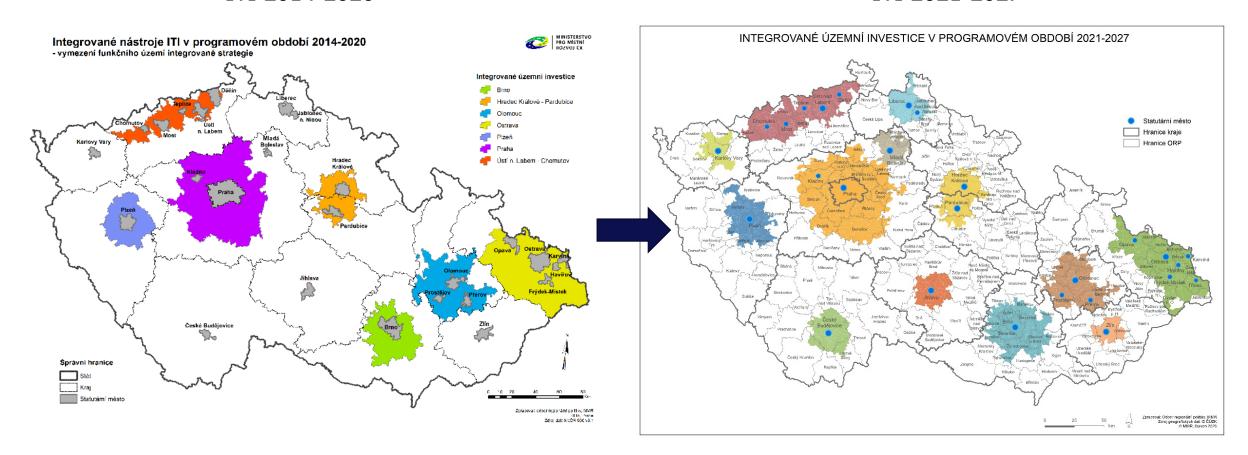
- Kontinuita
- ITI nástrojem rozvoje aglomerací, nikoliv již jen rozvoj území ITI
- Zjednodušení vybraných procesů
- Splynutí s nástrojem IPRÚ
- Území aglomerací vymezilo MMR za pomoci dat o dojížďce od mobilních operátorů



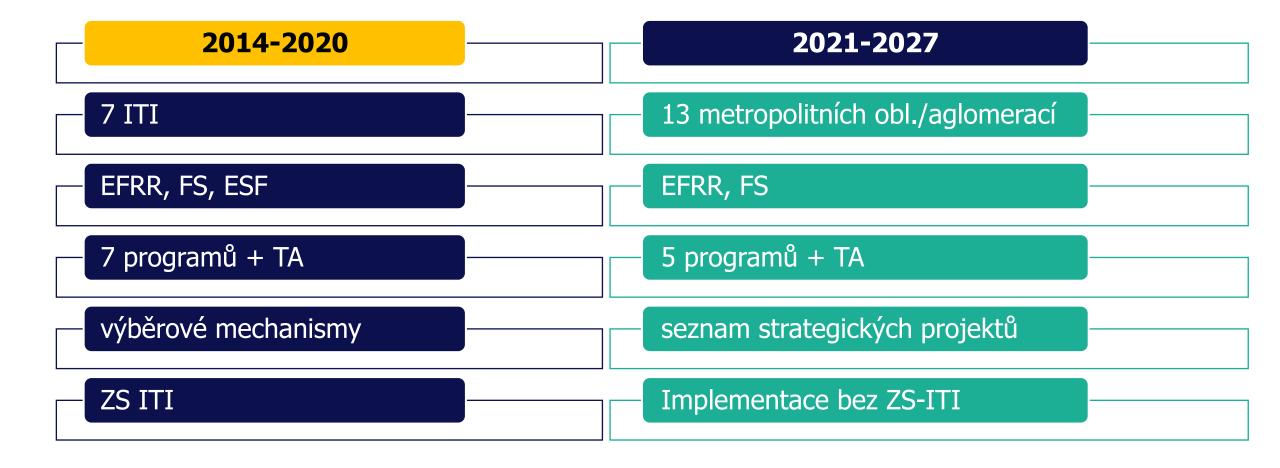
Územní vymezení: Srovnání

ITI 2014-2020

ITI 2021-2027



Rozdíly v implementaci nástroje ITI



Rozdíly v implementaci nástroje ITI

2014-2020

2021-2027

- 7 ITI
- EFRR, FS, ESF
- 7 programů + TA
- výběrové mechanismy
- ZS ITI

- 13 metropolitních obl. a aglomerací
- EFRR, FS
- 5 programů + TA
- seznam strategických projektů
- Implementace bez ZS-ITI

Metropolitní uvažování a ITI v programovém období 2021-2027

- Větší důraz na integrovaná a chytrá řešení
- Vhodná forma k řešení problémů měst přesahujících administrativní hranice
- Řešení vybraných témat vedoucí k úsporám nákladů a k efektivnější alokaci veřejných zdrojů



Dosažené výsledky nástroje ITI

- Naplněna počáteční očekávání
 - Došlo k výraznému posílení úlohy měst v regionálním rozvoji
 - Nastartována spolupráce v zázemí
- Posun ve vnímání metropolitní spolupráce
- Úspěšná tematická provazba v rámci ITI návazné projekty z jiných OP
- Dosahována komplexní řešení v území



Potenciál nástroje ITI do budoucna

High tech projekty

- Projekty s vysokou přidanou hodnotou
- Spolupráce s výzkumem, vývojem, školstvím a podniky
- Sdílené prvky v rámci strategií
 - Společné části a osy strategií
- Výsledkově orientované strategie
 - Systém kvantifikovaných cílů

Zbyněk Šimánek

Odbor regionální politiky Oddělení rozvoje venkova a integrovaných nástrojů

Ministerstvo pro místní rozvoj

Email: zbynek.simanek@mmr.gov.cz





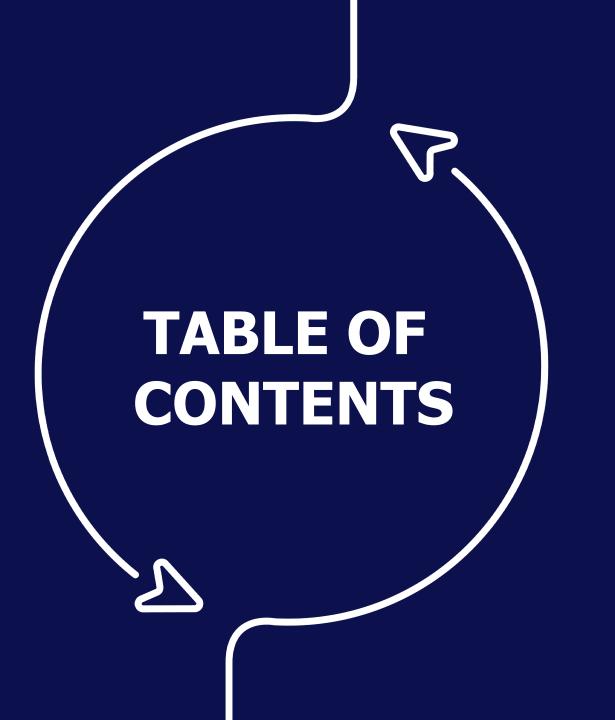
Presentation in English

ITI implementation in the European Union

Martijn De Bruijn, EUI Expert



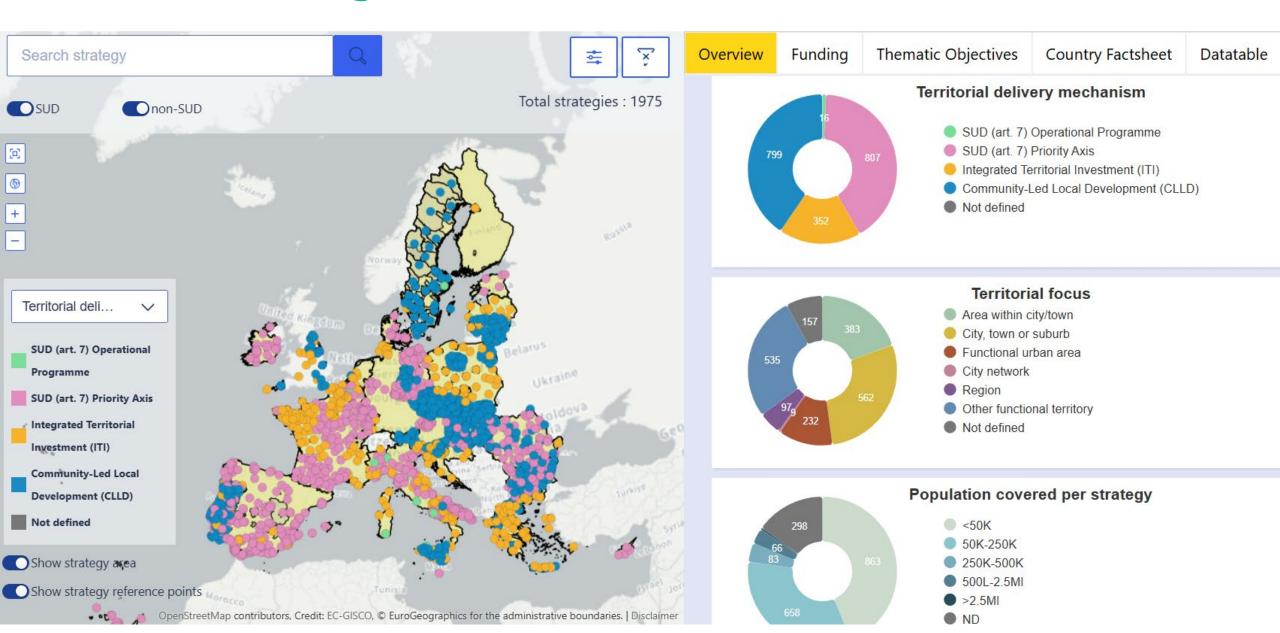




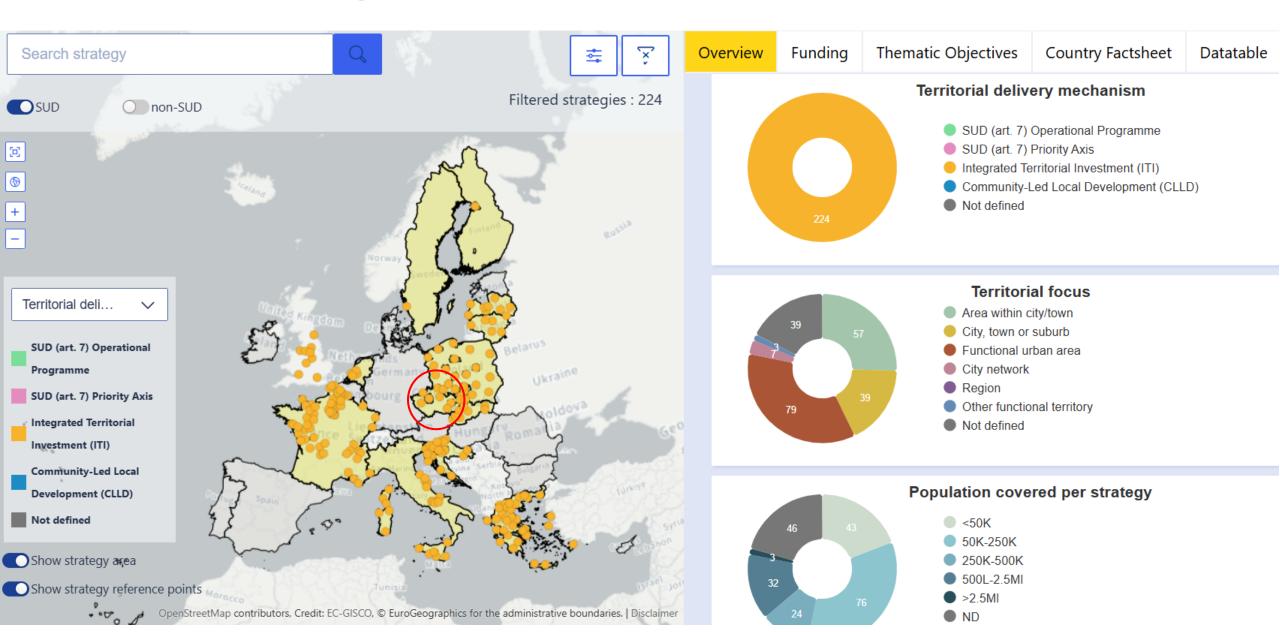
- 1 Territorial strategies in 14-20
- What is happening in 21-27?
- Innovations in cooperation

Territorial strategies in 2014-2020 Where, what, how many

Territorial strategies in JRC STRAT-Board

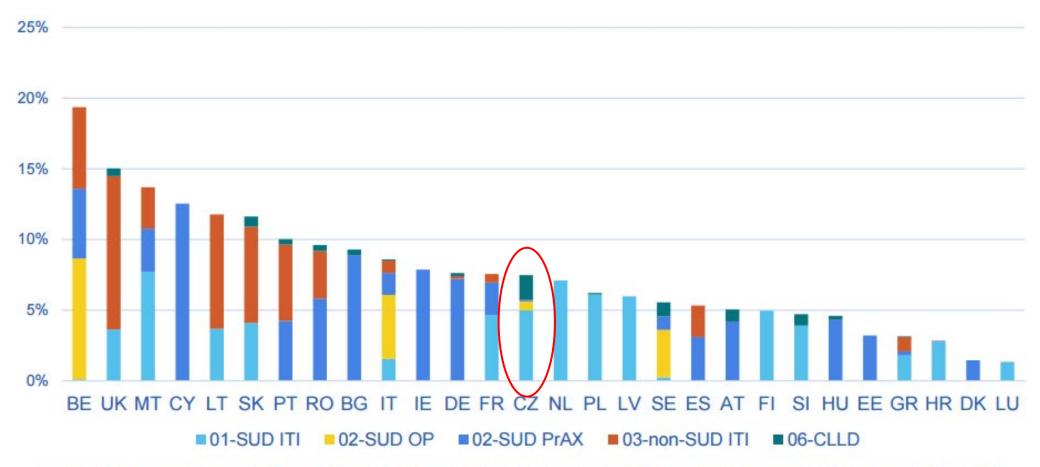


Territorial strategies in JRC STRAT-Board



USE OF TERRITORIAL DELIVERY MECHANISMS IN MS

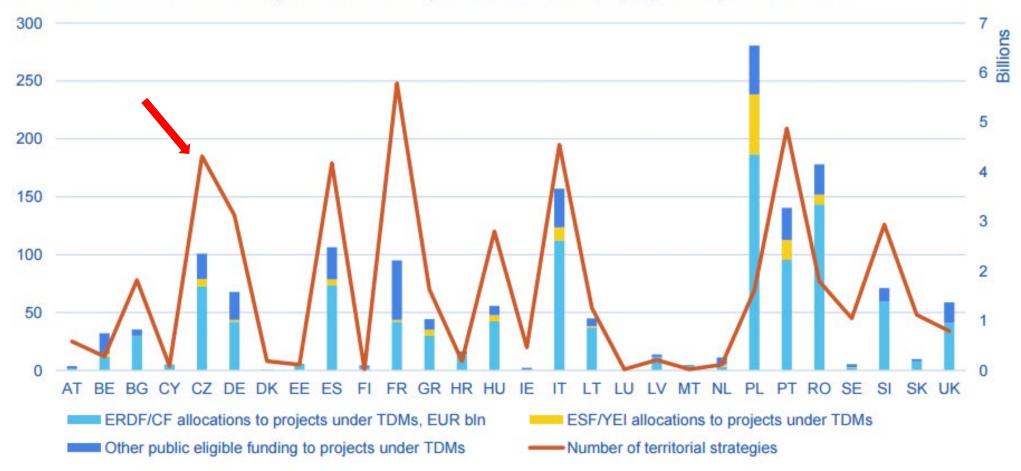
ERDF/CF funding allocated to TDMs as % of total ERDF/CF investments in MS



Source: authors' elaboration, based Cohesion Open Data, 2014-20 categorisation dataset (2022). Available at: https://cohesiondata.ec.europa.eu/2014-2020-categorisation-ERDF-ESF-CF-planned-/3kkx-ekfq

INVESTMENTS ALLOCATED TO PROJECTS IN MEMBER STATES

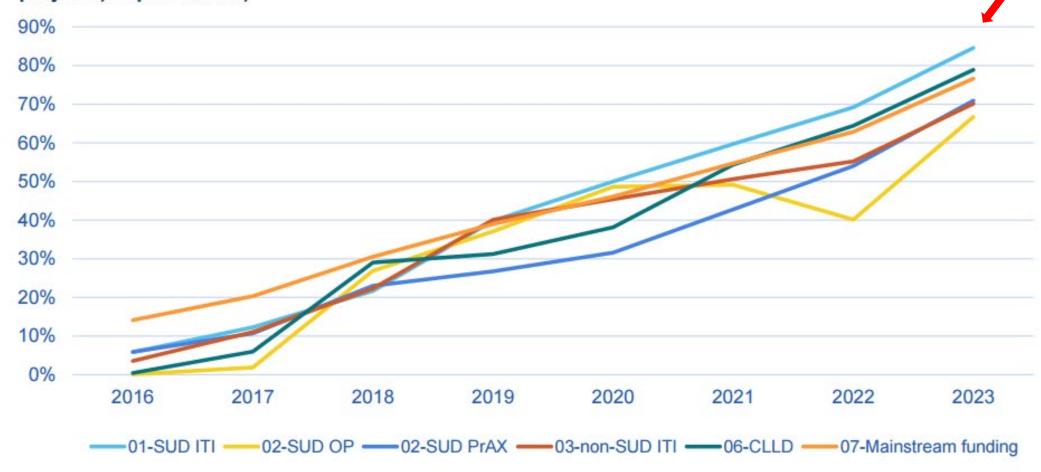
Number of territorial strategies and funding allocated to TDM projects by end of 2022



Source: authors' elaboration, based on STRAT-Board data (JRC), 2023. Available at: https://urban.jrc.ec.europa.eu/strat-board/?lng=en and Cohesion Open Data, 2014-20 categorisation dataset (2022). Available at: https://cohesiondata.ec.europa.eu/2014-2020-categorisation-ERDF-ESF-CF-planned-/3kkx-ekfq

FINANCIAL IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS

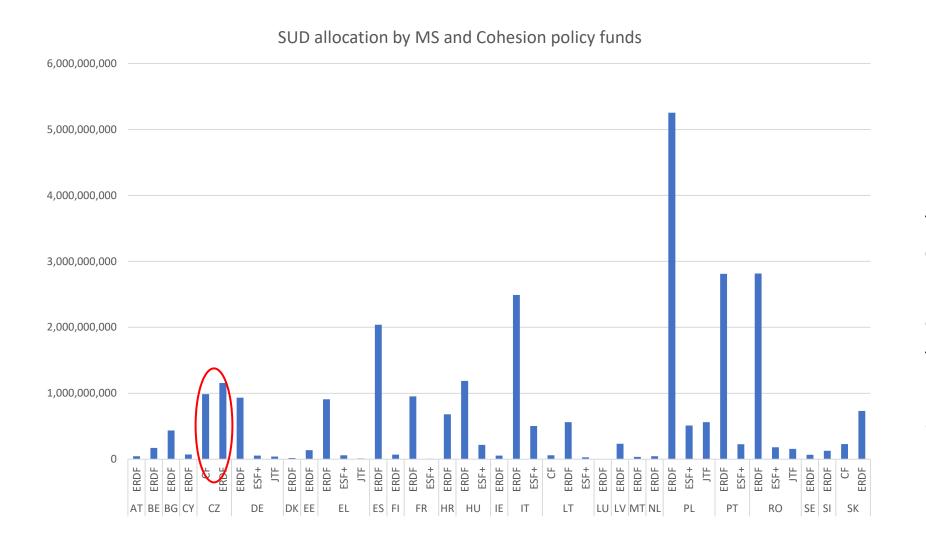
Financial progress of TDM implementation (% total declared expenditures to decided (allocated to projects) expenditures)



Source: Cohesion Open Data, 2014-20 categorisation dataset (2023).

What is happening in 2021-2027? A peak into REGIO's database

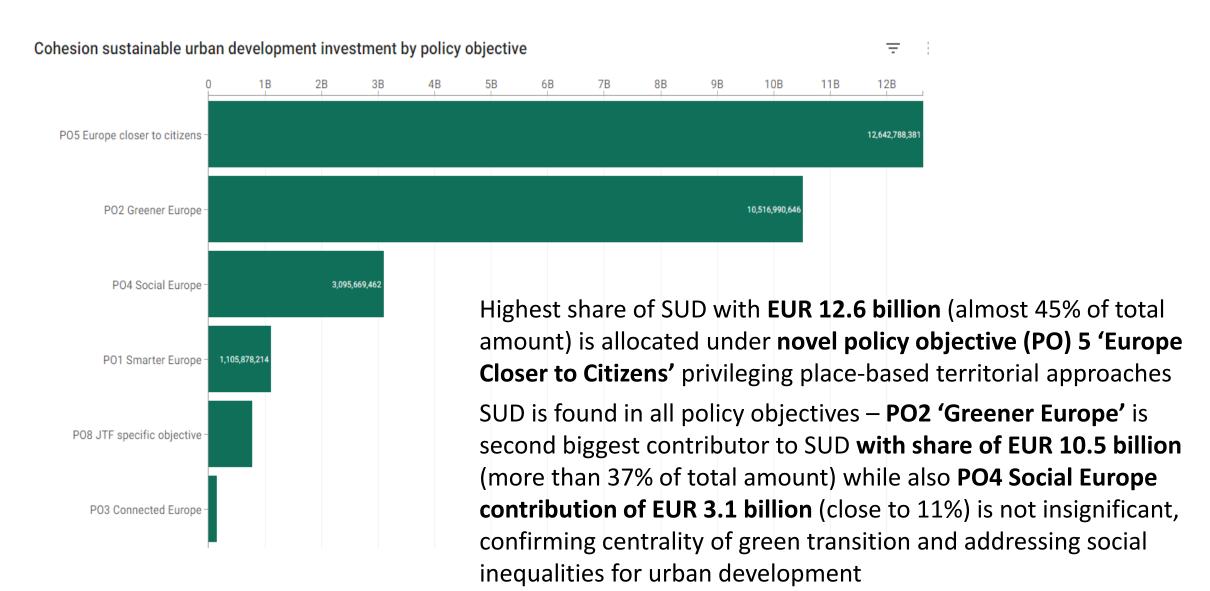
Sustainable Urban Development (SUD) in 2021-2027



DE, EL, LT, PL and RO decided to allocate funds to SUD strategies from 3 different sources: ERDF, ESF+, JTF or CF.

CZ, FR, IT, PT, SK decided to support the implementation of SUD strategies **from 2 funds:** ERDF and CF or JTF

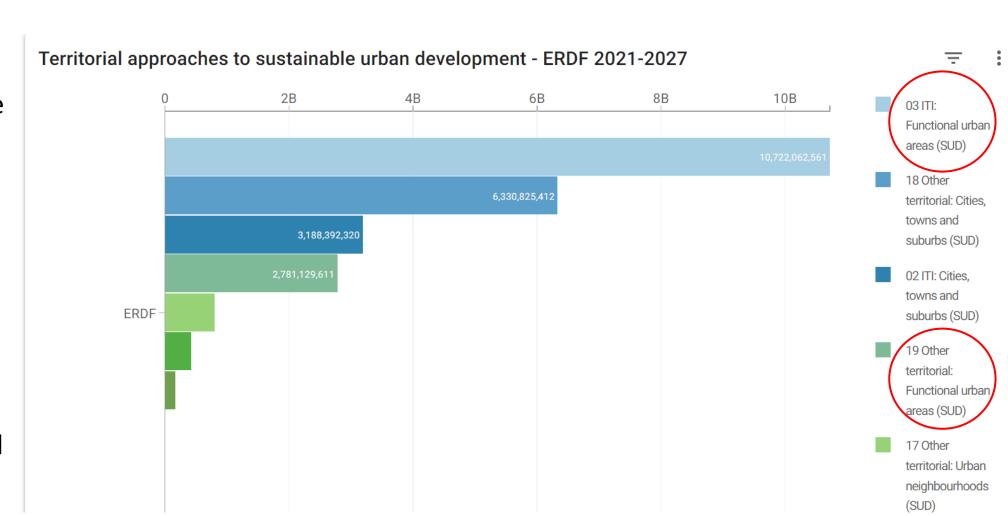
Sustainable Urban Development (SUD) in 2021-2027



Sustainable Urban Development (SUD) in 2021-2027

More than half of planned sustainable urban development funds under PO5 are allocated to Functional Urban Areas

Functional Urban
Areas are
instrumental for
tackling urban-rural
linkages



Sustainable Urban Development Allocation in Czechia

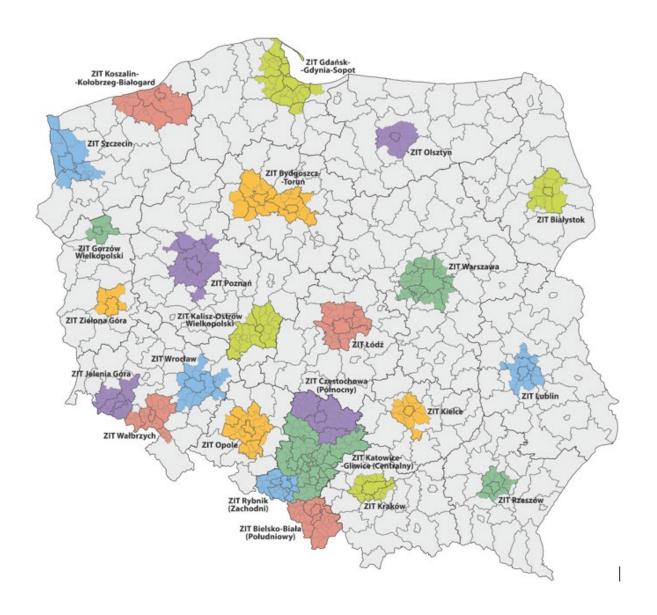
Sustainable Urban Development	SUD
Category Short Title	(Multiple Items)

O (PH A	0.1		
Sum of EU Amount	Column Labels		
Row Labels	CF	ERDF (Grand Total
CZ	987.144.282	1.155.576.997	2.142.721.279
Competitiveness Programme - CZ - ERDF		61.005.800	61.005.800
RSO1.1 Enhancing research and innovation		61.005.800	61.005.800
Environment - CZ - ERDF/CF	55.327.413	32.863.039	88.190.452
RSO2.1 Energy efficiency		20.363.039	20.363.039
RSO2.2 Renewable energy	2.867.893		2.867.893
RSO2.4 Climate change adaptation	38.890.501	12.500.000	51.390.501
RSO2.6 Circular economy	13.569.019		13.569.019
Integrated Regional Programme - CZ - ERDF		996.010.196	996.010.196
RSO1.2 Reaping the benefits of digitisation		4.744.264	4.744.264
RSO2.7 Nature protection and biodiversity		185.374.677	185.374.677
RSO2.8 Sustainable urban mobility		358.705.929	358.705.929
RSO4.2 Education and training infrastructure		192.147.088	192.147.088
RSO4.3 Integration of marginalised communities		78.562.603	78.562.603
RSO4.6 Culture and sustainable tourism		176.475.634	176.475.634
Johannes Amos Comenius - CZ - ERDF/ESF+		65.697.962	65.697.962
RSO1.1 Enhancing research and innovation		65.697.962	65.697.962
Transport - CZ- ERDF/CF	931.816.869		931.816.869
RSO2.8 Sustainable urban mobility	851.816.869		851.816.869
RSO3.2 Sustainable transport	80.000.000		80.000.000
Grand Total	987.144.282	1.155.576.997	2.142.721.279

- The 5 programmes use the ERDF and CF to support the implementation of the SUD strategies.
- The most complex and complete use of ITI is in CZ allows funding from
 - 12 different SOs and priorities (RSO 1.1 from 2 different programmes Comenius and Competitiveness)
 - 2 funds (not ESF+ and not JTF) and
 - 5 programmes

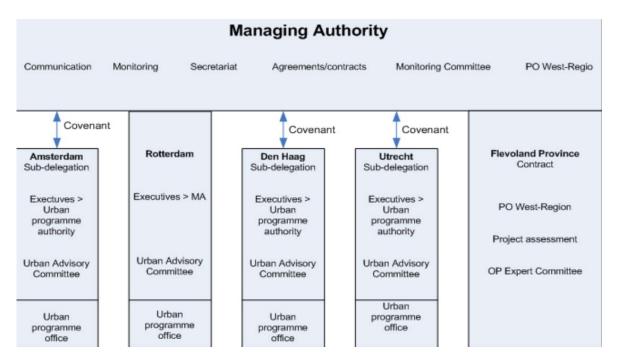
Innovations in (FUA) cooperation ITI was often a driver

Innovative cooperation in FUA ITIs: Poland



	Region	SUD ITI Functional Urban Area	Legal Form	Number of municipalities
1	Dolnoslaskie	Jelenia Gora Functional Area	Agreement	18
2	Dolnosloskie	Walbraych Agglomeration	Agreement	22
3	Dolnoslaskie	Wroclaw Functional Area	Agreement	15
4	Kujawsko-Pamarskie	Bydgosgez-Torun Functional Area	Agreement	24
5	Lodgkie	Lody Metropolitan Area	Association	23
6	Lubelskie	Lublin Metropolitan Area	Agreement	16
7	Lubuskie	Gorgow Wielkopolski Functional Area	Agreement	5
8	Lubuskie	Zielona Gara Functional Area	Agreement	6
9	Malopolskie	Cracow Functional Area	Association	14
10	Magawieckia	Warsaw Functional Area	Agreement.	40
11	Opolskie	Opole Aggiomeration	Association	21
12	Podkarpackie	Rzeszow Functional Area	Agreement	13
13	Podloskie	Bialystok Functional Area	Association	9
14	Pomorskie	Gdansk-Gdynia-Sopot Metropolitan Area	Association	30
15	Slaskie	Central Subregion	Association	73
16	Slaskie	Northern Subregion	Agreement.	34
17	Stastcie	Southern Subregion	Agreement	38
18	Staskie	Western Subregion	Association	24
19	Swietokrzyskie	Kleice Functional Area	Agreement	12
20	Warminsko-Magurskie	Olagtyn Functional Area	Agreement	7
21	Wielkopolskie	Kalisz-Ostrow Wielkopolski Agglomeration	Association	24
22	Wielkopolskie	Pagnan Functional Area	Association	22
23	Zachodniopomorskie	Kaszalin-Kolobrzeg-Biolograd Functional Area	Agreement	19
24	Zachodniopomorskie	Sgegeein Metropolitan Area	Association	13
тот	AL			522

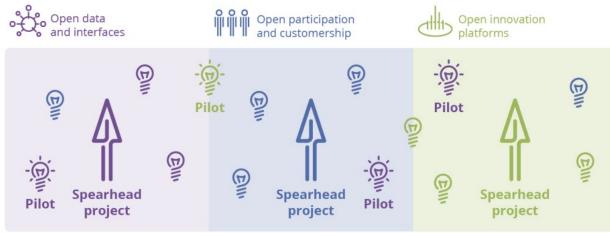
.. Netherlands, Finland, Italy





Implementation in three thematic focus areas

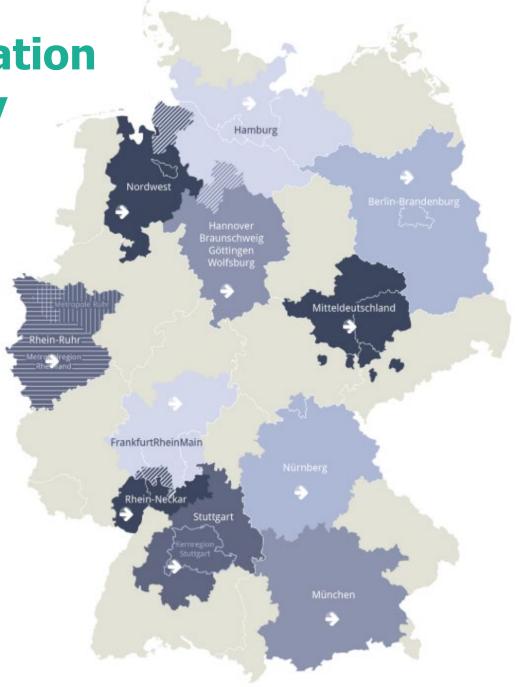




Also innovative cooperation

outside Cohesion Policy

German Metropolitan Regions

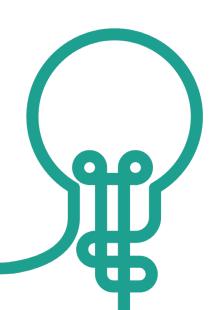


Thank you



Session 2

Metropolitan cooperation and the role of ITIs



Preparing for the workshops

Use the post-its on your tables to write down interesting approaches on metropolitan cooperation.









Stuttgart Region, Germany:

Experiences from 30 years of Cooperation for Regional Development

Thomas Kiwitt - Director Planning



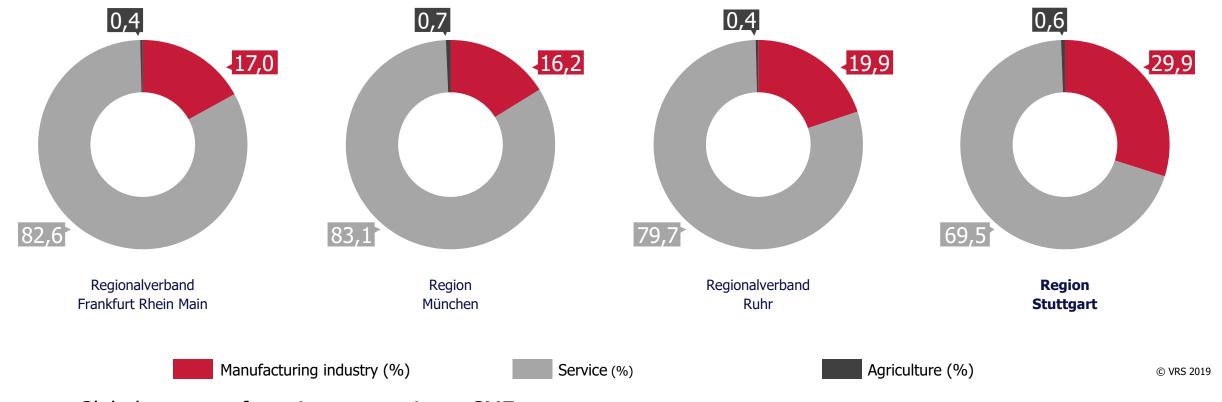




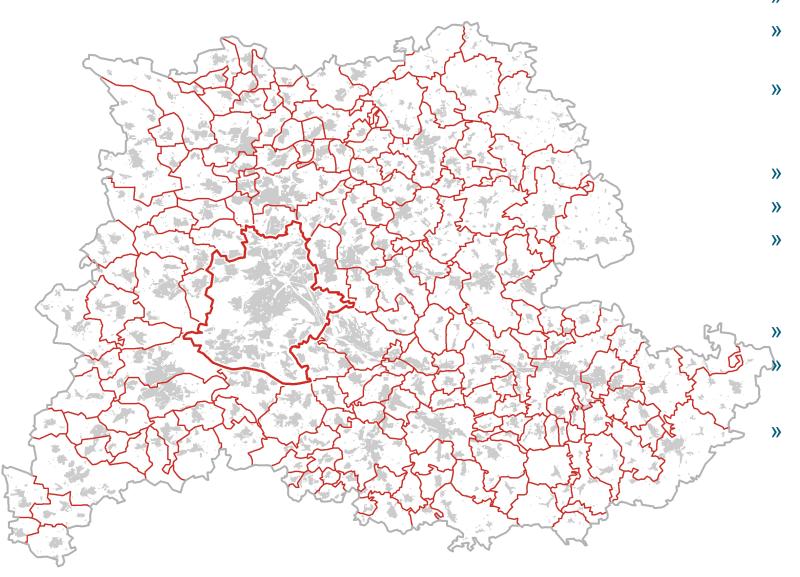
- » Output bigger than 10 / 16 Federal States 135 / 193 nations (9 EU) appr. 50% of Czech Republic's GDP
- » Population:2,8 Mio.175.000 + since 2010
- » Jobs 200.000 + since 2010

- » Airport and Trade fair
- » Universities, R&D facilities (public and private)

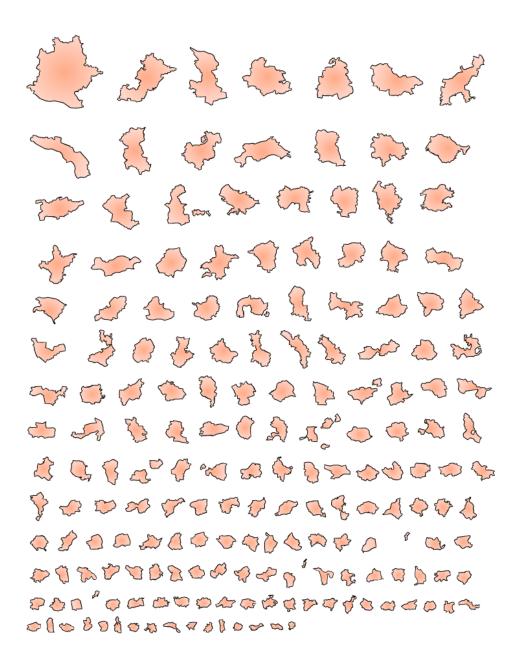
Jobs / economic sectors (2017)



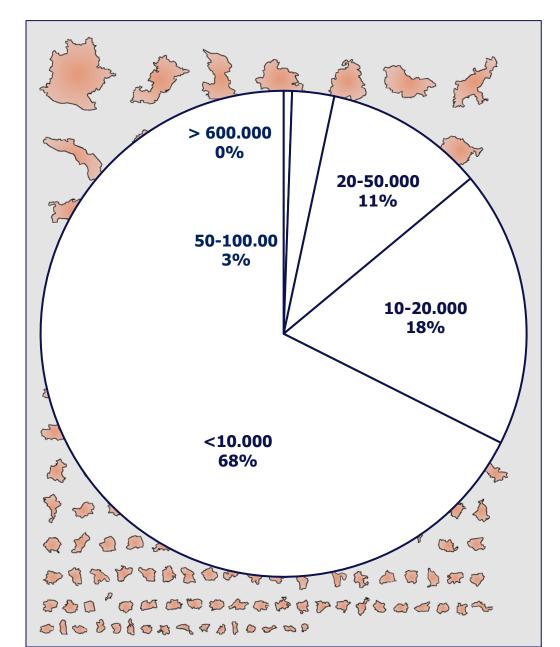
- » Global car manufacturing companies + SME
- » Specific demand for transportation / heavy goods
- » Huge factories / many jobs / extensive commuter area
- » Private R&D activities
- » But: Also rural parts; agriculture important for ID and quality of open spaces; excellent quality of soil



- » Municipalities as important players
- » Autonomous entities, with strong home rule
- » Responsible for land use planning, zoning, development, child care ...
- » Mayors with strong mandate
- » Independent local councils
- Own tax revenue(Property, income, company)
 - High standards of living
 - Low unemployment rates
- » "Nuts & bolts"
 Crucial level for development



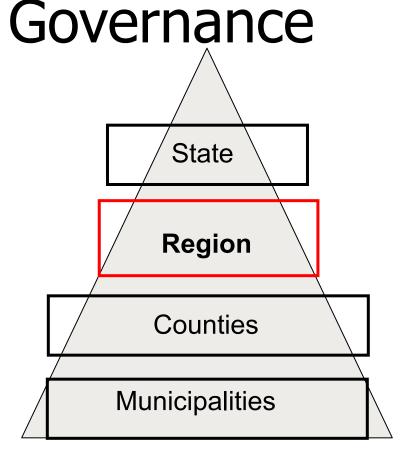
- » Every municipality is unique specific potential, talent
- » People's activities, commercial supply chains, markets go beyond local boundaries (e.g. 2/3 do not work in town of residence)
- » Transportation infrastructure, housing
- » Power supply / renewable energies
- » Climate adaptation (flooding, cool air)
- » Open space development
- » all have a regional dimension
- » Cities only vital with their hinterland
- » Locations only successful as "network"
- » Sustainability, competitiveness, resilience only within "functional areas"
- » Provide strategies for municipalities to be stronger / better together



- Small municipalities:2/3 with less than 10,000 inhabitants
- » High standards but limited administrative resources
- » How to
 - provide opportunities for global players?
 - be attractive for qualified workforce?
 - organize sustainability, resilience, efficiency?
 - stay competitive?
- » How to organize participation and political decision-making?
- » Coordination on metropolitan / regional level crucial

Verband Region Stuttgart

Sandwich-Position: Regional



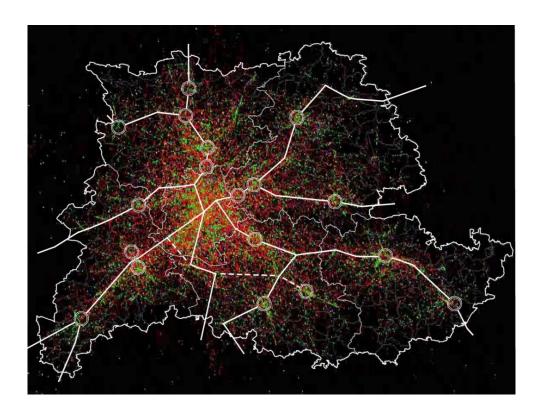
- » Legal body by public law
- Established by state law in 1994to encrease economic development
- » Directly elected regional assembly
- » Election and competence unique
 - only 2 other regions with similar structure

3 Fields of Competences

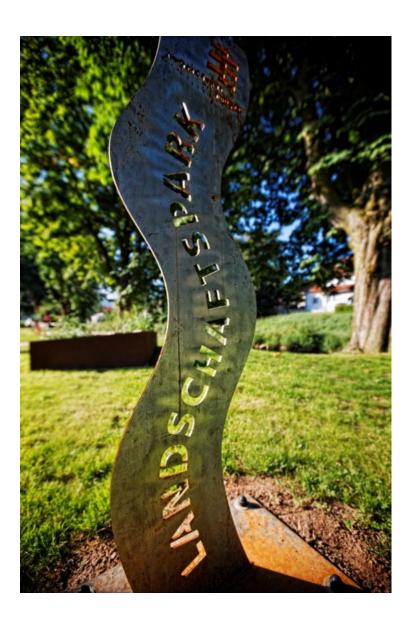
- » Mandatory Planning
- » Development / Investment
- » Lobbying / Consulting



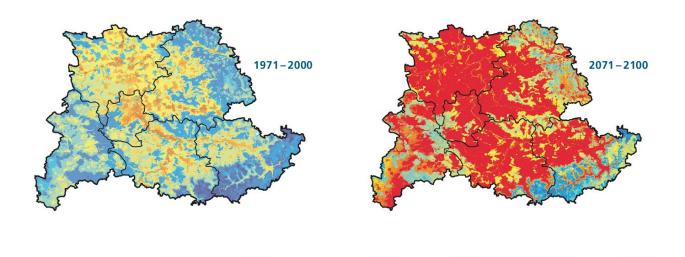
- » Comprehensive planning on supra-municipal level
- » Sites for
 - Renewable Energies (Wind / PV)
 - Commercial areas / Sites for Industry
 - Residential areas
 - Large scale retailing / Urban centres
 - Open space protection / Density
 - ...
- » Mandatory regulations
 - binding for local land use plans
- » Consultancy for municipalities
- » Strategic Regional Mobility Plan Infrastructure development based on modelling, outreach, decision-making



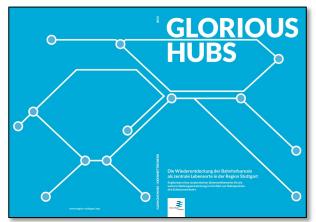
- » Extension of railway network
 - 90% of population within walking distance
 - access to all 2nd level-centres < 30 min
- » Operation S-Bahn / Express Busses / P&R-facilities / Rental bikes
 - minimum 30 min service
 - 24 hours service on weekends
- » Transportation management
 - regulation for cars



- » Bottom-up development of Recreation areas
- » "Landschaftspark":Funding scheme for open spaces / recreation- 1,5 Mio € annually
- » Projects
 - recreation
 - biodiversity
 - integration / community building
 - Support of farmers
 - Adaptation to climate change









- » Financial support for Innovation/ Tourism / economic development
- Research / Pilot projects /
 "International building exhibition 2027"
 Project on sustainable building
- » Research with regional universities
- » National and International cooperation
- » Date provision
- » Political lobbying
- » International networking





Logistik (Kornwestheim)



(Stuttgart)



Industrielle Bauteil- u. Oberflächenreinigung (Leonberg)







Mechatronik

(Göppingen)

Technische Textilien

(Denkendorf)

Energiekompetenz & Ökodesign (Ludwigsburg)

Landeshauptstadt

Stuttgart

Leinfelden-

Echterdingen

Telematik, Mobile

Computing,

(Stuttgart)

Customer Care

Böblingen

Kreis Böblingen

Esslingen

Denkendorf



Kreis Göppingen

KURS

Umwelttechnologie

(Stuttgart)

» Cluster policy

» Management of commercial areas

» Services for enterprises

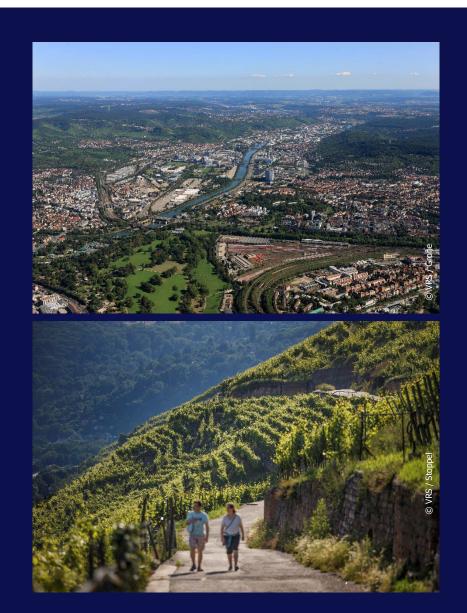
» Fiber / Tele-communication network

» "European embassy" Brussels office

» Support of Universities in Stuttgart Region

» Marketing for Tourism





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Thomas Kiwitt
Kiwitt@region-stuttgart.org



Building Metropolita Bridges: Lessons from Oradea and Romania

Letiția Moțoc, Oradea Metropolitan Area, Romania









MISSION

- to stimulate and support the growth and prosperity of the region
- raising citizens' welfare
- the direction of orientation is continuously, increasing of quality of life

ABOUT US

- General Assembly Executive Council Technical and operational body
- 19 Years of activity (since 2005)
- Number of employees: 6
- During the past years, there have been implemented several projects with impact for the association and for its members
- Annual budget (projects excluded): 420,000 euro
- Employees with experience in implementing projects
- Total population: 280.000 inhabitants
- The area of ZMO is 734 km² out of 7544 km² of Bihor County
- ZMO concentrates approximately 75% of the economy of Bihor county;



The main activities of the Association

HUNGARY

- collecting and analysing the data with a territorial impact
- the development and updating of local sustainable development strategies for its members

Biharia

Cetariu

- establishing and updating the portfolio of projects at both metropolitan and local level
- o introduction of project management principles as tools able to promote local development initiatives
- o identification of funding programs relevant to support local development initiatives
- o structuring projects for its members and monitoring their implementation
- o supporting with human, technical and financial resources, the sustainable development for each of its member as well as of the association as a whole

Achievements

ZMO established 6 sectoral intercommunity development associations, which function as distinct and independent entities, providing the following public utility services

2008 01 ADI REOSAL: Effective waste management system for 21 communes. 2008 02 ADI Aparegio: Modernized water supply and sewerage infrastructure. 2009 03 ADLO: Industrial parks 2010 04 ADI Termoregio: Centralized thermal energy system 2012 05 ADI Transregio: Improved metropolitan public transport system 2022

ADI for Metropolitan Infrastructure:
Metropolitan mobility

Strategic Goals (2021-2027)



Access to non-reimbursable funding (achieved by Law 246/2022).



Investments: Road infrastructure, urban mobility, and regeneration



Creation of a dedicated operational program for metropolitan financing.



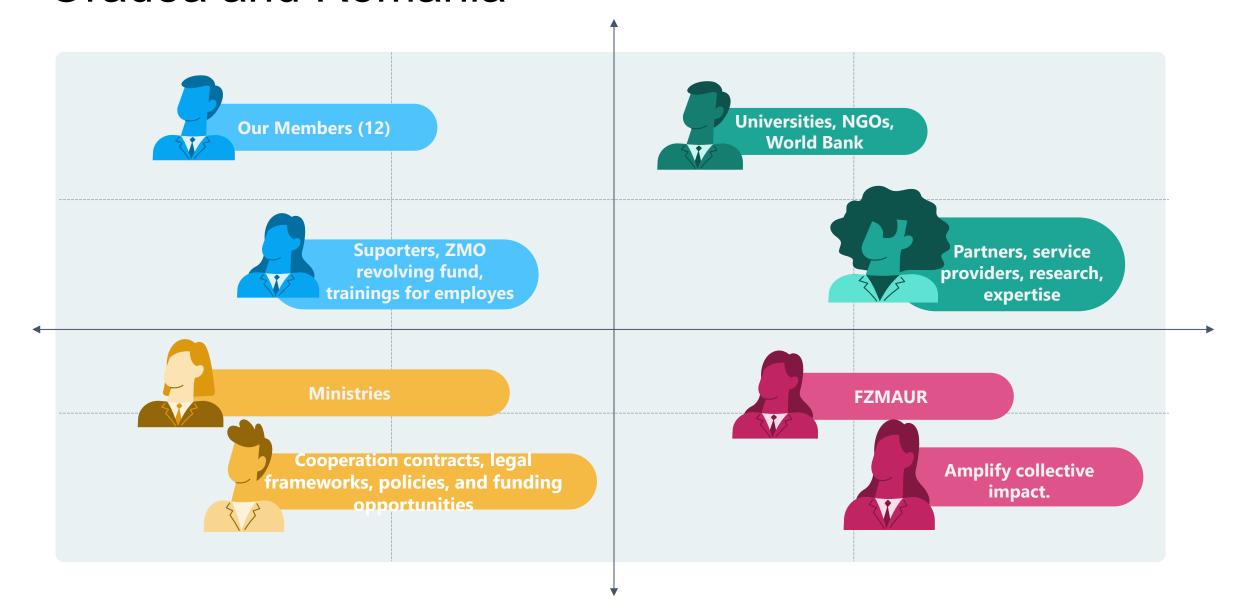
Expanding central heating, lighting, and gas networks



CHALLENGES AND OBSTACLES



The way we cooperate at metropolitan level in Oradea and Romania



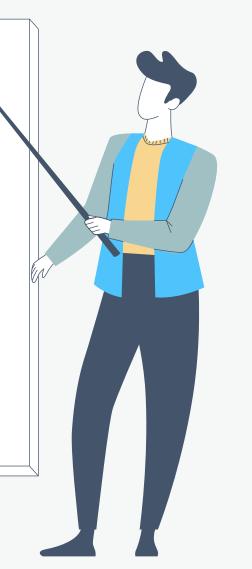
WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN

Key Takeaways

Cooperation contracts within the association

members, in order to develop joint infrastructure (link roads to Santandrei, Osorhei, Biharia etc)

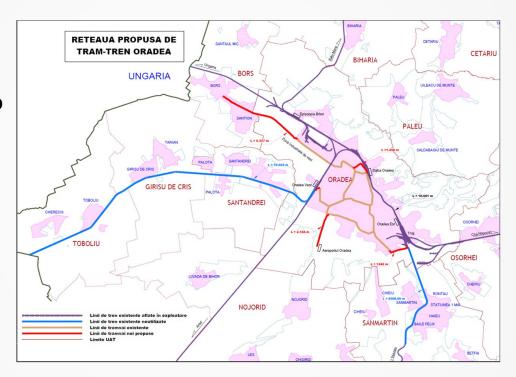
Cooperation contracts at national level, with County Council and ministries, in order to build infrastructure (Ministry of Transport for link road to A3 motorway, tram train)



WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN - TRAM TRAIN in ZMO

Short history

- June 2021 finalising the opportunity studies, and updating them on March 2022
- October 2021 signing the partnership agreement ZMO with CNCF CFR SA
- February 2022 signing the partnership agreement between ZMO, Bihor County Council, Oradea Municipality, ADLO and OTL, with the purpose of introducing the metropolitan train network in the area
- There have been identified 6
 metropolitan connectivity tram-train
 routes feasibility studies
- December 2024 submission of the project under Transport Operational Programme



Overview

Cooperation between ZMO, County Council, ADLO, PMO, OTL, CFR

New network of approx. 35 km (of which approx. 9 km are newly built)

Existent stations: 10

Newly built stations: 12

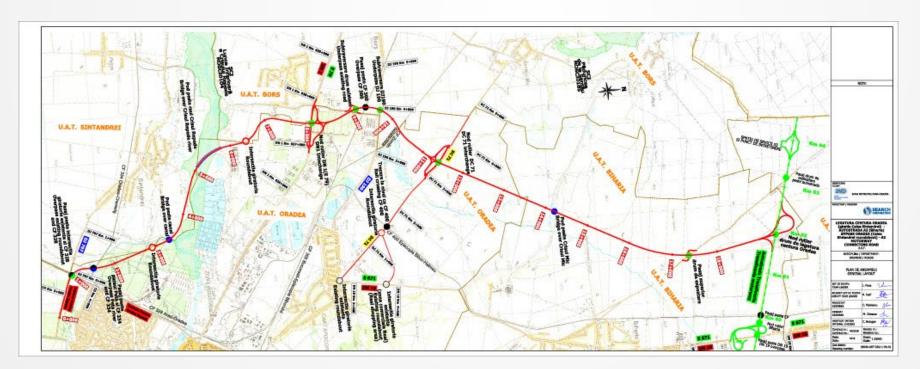
Total estimated budget for investment: 135 mil EUR (VAT included)

Rolling stock: 90 mil Eur

WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN – Connection to A3 motorway

Short history and Overview

- 2014 the first feasibulity study, for 10 km
- 2016 updating the feasibility study to 20 km
- December 2018 Cooperation contract ZMO (feasibility studies, authorisations, expropriation procedure) CNAIR
- 2022 -2024 Construction works
- Total value: 165 mil. eur



WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN – Metropolitan Roads

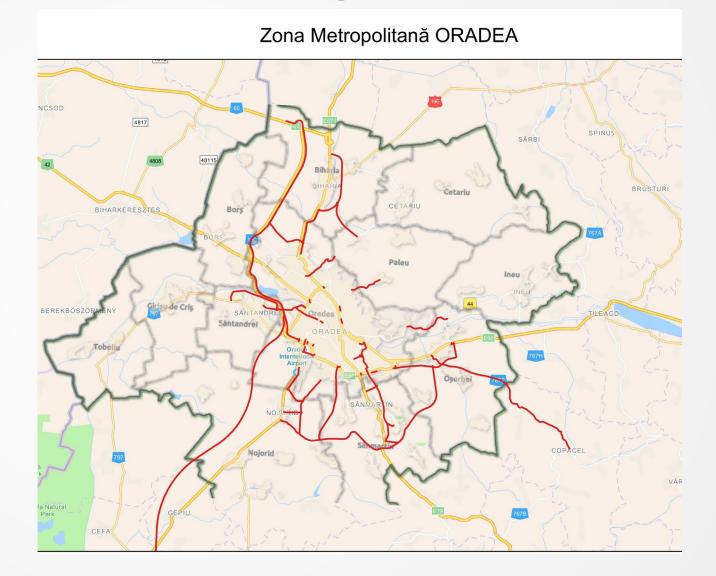
Overview

Total lenghth: 104 km

Total value: 290 mil. eur

Construction period: 2020-2024

 Cooperation between ZMO, local administrative units, Bihor County Council, CNAIR



WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN – Metropolitan bike lanes

Overview

61 km of metropolitan bike lanes in feasibility studies

Value: 12 mil eur



WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN – Metropolitan Centre for

Geothermal Development

Overview

Rehabilitation of buildings:

Old hotel, property of Oradea municipality

Building taken in administration by ZMO

Project in partnership with University of Oradea, Environment associatoin Aqua Crisius, Institute of Nuclear Reseach in Debrecen

Total value: 0,5 mil eur



WE MAKE THINGS HAPPEN – European Funds

PROGRAMME	PRIORITIES
Thousand The Control of the Control	THOMPLES
Interreg VI-A Romania-Hungary	cooperation for a green and more resilient cross-border area between Romania and Hungar
	 cooperation for a more social and cohesive programme area between Romania and Hungar
	a more sustainable, community-based and effective cross-border cooperation
Interreg Danube Region <u>Programme</u>	a more competitive and smarter Danube region;
	a greener, low-carbon Danube region;
	a more social Danube region;
	a better cooperation governance in the Danube region.
European Climate Initiative EUKI	climate-neutral mobility
	climate policy
	carbon removals and sinks
	energy transition and climate-neutral buildings
	just transition
	sustainable economy
European Urban Initiative EUI	energy transition
	technology in cities
Horizon Europe – Research and	excellent science
innovation	global challenges & European industrial competitiveness
	innovative Europe
	European defence fund
Life	nature and biodiversity
	circular economy and quality of life
	climate change mitigation and adaptation
	clean energy transition
<u>Urbact</u>	gender equality
	green transition
	digital transition
Interact	increasing the institutional capacity of public authorities and stakeholders in the field of
	territorial planning
EEA and Norway Grants	innovation, research, education and competitiveness
	environment, energy, climate change and low carbon economy
	social inclusion, youth employment and poverty reduction
	culture, civil society, good governance and fundamental rights and freedoms
	justice and home affairs
	fund for regional cooperation
	fund for youth employment

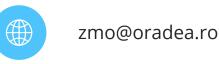




Thank you for your interest

Letitia Motoc General Manager

www.zmo.ro





Oradea, Romania

Innovative approaches to metropolitan cooperation and ITI arrangements: FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA

Miloš Vincík and Andrea Hagovska, City of Banská Bystrica, Slovakia







Innovative approaches to metropolitan cooperation and ITI arrangements FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA

From Small projects to Strategic Integrated Territorial Investment
November 2024

EUROPEAN URBAN INITIATIVE





STRATEGY FRAMEWORK

- FUA BB Integrated Territorial Strategy and Strategic Development Programme
 Banská Bystrica 2030 -> strategic (flagship) integrated project "Innovation hub BB"
- Integrated Territorial Investment (ITI) project is proposed across 4 objectives and 5+ measures of the Programme Slovakia and assumes the overlap the present investment limits for SUDs in Slovakia by MIRDI SK. Could be "operation of strategic importance".
- Project is based on results of 3 Technical assistance projects for FUA BB provided by DG REGIO & JRC, OECD and World Bank Group and valorize Catching-up Regions Initiative investments in Banská Bystrica Self-government Region (BBSK)
- SUD level application of the **EU Cohesion Policy principles**, Territorial Agenda 2030, Urban Agenda for the EU, SUD related handbooks and tools by JRC, New European Bauhaus investment guidelines, 9th Cohesion Report and **last Letta's and Draghi's reports...**

FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA KEY CHALLENGES

DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTIVITY TRAP

• FUA BB local economy competitiveness and innovation improvement through Integrated Territorial Investment into the creation of a competitive collaborative innovation ecosystem and infrastructure

DEMOGRAPHIC TRANSFORMATION

• young people & talents support, attraction and retention as a response to demographic challenge - new opportunities/jobs in health sectors, IT, green industries, creative industries, start-up communities...

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

- digital innovations in FUA and Innovation district governance, public services, know-how transfer from EU
- new digital tools for socio-economic partners cooperation and citizens participation

GREEN TRANSFORMATION

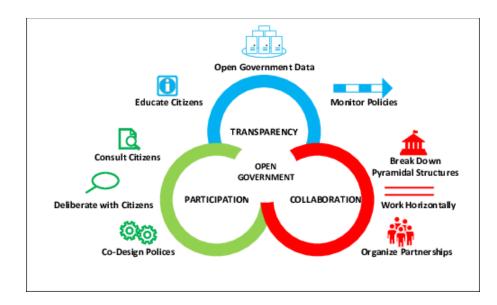
• improving sustainable green public spaces quality; sustainable transport measures, energy and climate change adaptation measures...

FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA INNOVATIVE APPROACH









The City of Banská Bystrica joined the Open Government Partnership Local (OGP Local) programme in October 2020.

OGP Local City Action Plan and decision to implement at Integrated Territorial Strategy 2021 – 2027 as pilot action in November 2021.

Set of new tools and activities: thematic working group, IDEATHON, DECIDIM, consultation forum ...

FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA INNOVATIVE APPROACH





FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA INNOVATIVE APPROACH

DECIDI M





INNOVATION DISTRICT / AREA FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA

Strategic Integrated Territorial Investment
November 2024





INNOVATION DISTRICT - FUGGERKA

STRENGTHEN R&D SPECIALIZATIONS

Specific R&D strengths that punch above regional, if not national, strengths

ECONOMIC

ASSETS

ATTRACT INDUSTRY AND INVESTMENT

Set of intentional actions to advance ecosystem building on R&D specializations

BUILD CRITICAL MASS

R&D actors, talent, technologies, intermediaries that re-enforce R&D strengths

ADVANCE SUSTAINABILITY

Practices focused on the reduction of carbon footprint, energy efficiency, and thinking more systemically about climate resiliency

CREATE QUALITY, CONNECTED PLACES

Drawing firms and talent, strengthening connections, increasing vibrancy

FACILITATE CONVERGENCE

Blending of different sectors to drive new innovative growth

ADVANCE EQUITY AND INCLUSION

Programs and places aligned to support the growth of residents in the city and broader region

CREATE BUZZING, CONNECTED COMMUNITY

Set of shared systems, orchestrated networks

Organized leadership, sequenced financing, orchestrated programming, collective decisions on how to grow

BE RESILIENT

PHYSICAL

ASSETS

With respect to temporal-based challenges like COVID-19

COMMUNICATE FOR IMPACT

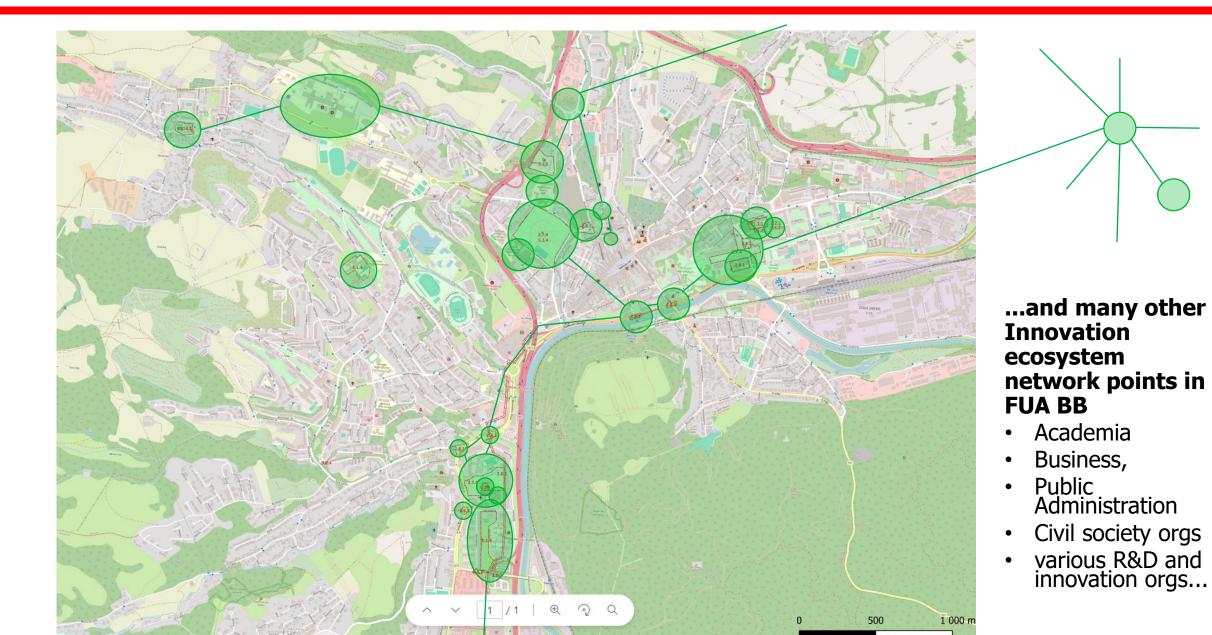
NETWORKING

ASSETS

Strategy to powerfully communicate the message



Connecting infrastructure dots (only sample relations)



Connecting existing DOTS - I. phase

Long-life learning infrastructure (all levels)

- EduPark in Jozef Gregor Tajovský Basic school
- Jozef Murgaš VET school
- Academy of Arts in Banská Bystrica The Radvansky Manor complex
- University of Matej Mel
- House of creative and culture industries (project with BBSK)

Green and open public spaces, buildings and facilities

- Multifunctional open-air space rebuilding Amphitheatre
- Medený hámor reconstruction to public education and innovation centre (oldest large-scale production enterprise operated for 500 years)
- Revitalisation of main green City Park
- Revitalisation of green park around Radvansky Manor multifunctional public spaces
- Revitalizácia of public area Bernolákova Radvanská streets
- Creation/building of Open space innovation hub SLOVENKA-west
- FUA BB Climate centre (BB City Office area)

Sustainable mobility

- Cycling traffic routes (Hušták Radvaň Kráľová, unterpass Kúpeľná street, Hušták)
- Reconstruction of the bridge in Mládežnícka street
- Safe and intelligent traffic junctions
- Building and modernization of the public transport terminals Námestie Slobody, Strieborné Námestie

Key Institutions

- Roosevelt Hospital Banská Bystrica + Health Innovation Centre
- Various business associations, start-up communities operating
- ...and many more like partnering university centers, R&D centers, IT companies, KIBS,...)

Design and implementation new DOTS -

II. phase



The most modern digitization center and audiovisual centre in Slovakia ...



The largest and most modern new hospital with R&D centre in Slovakia ...



Exceptional solutions for **new public spaces** ...

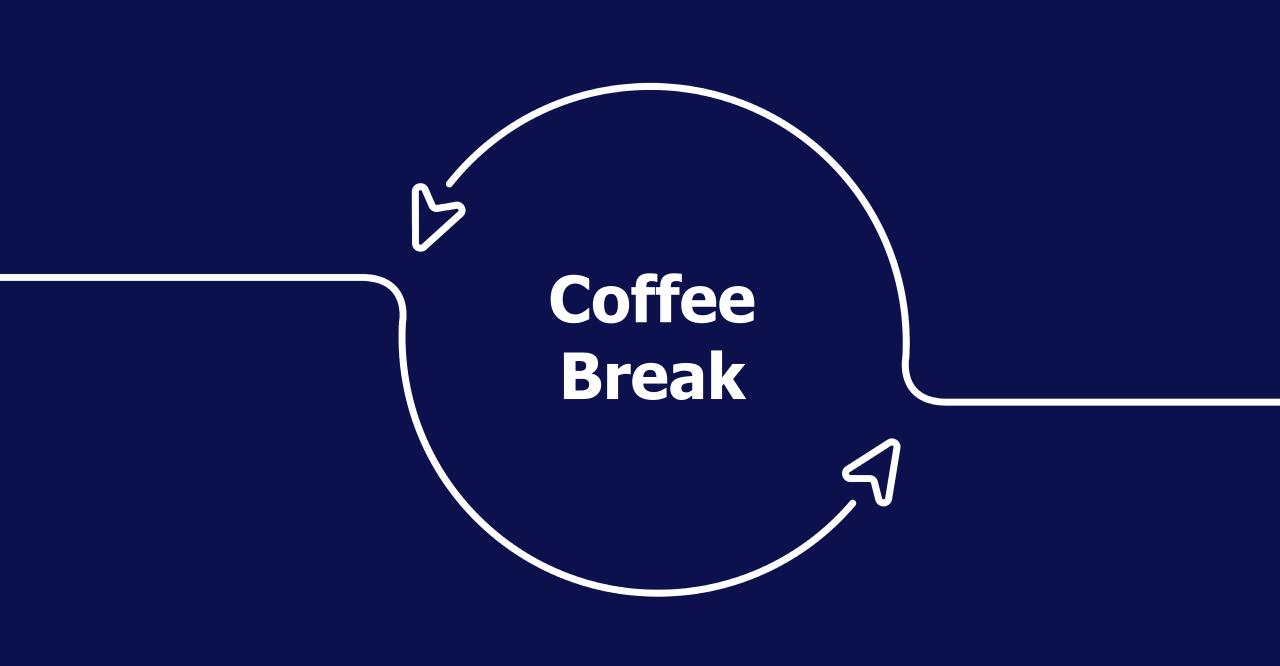
Design and implementation of new interventions - II.phase

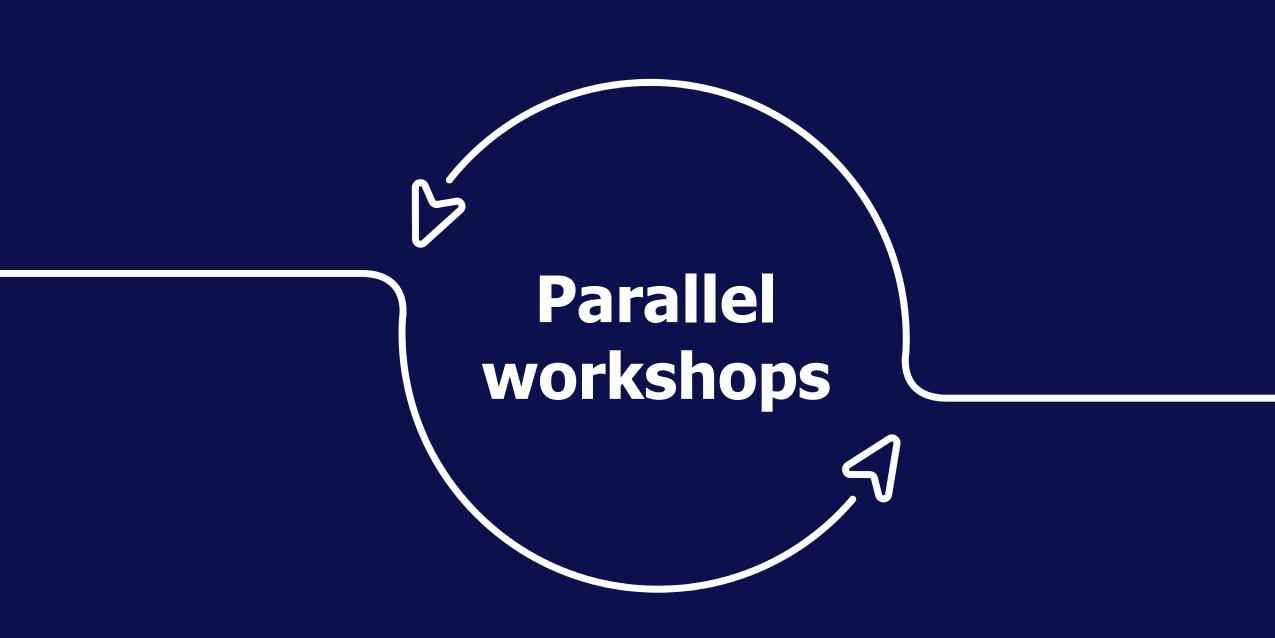
Collective impact – build a network of community members, organizations, and institutions who advance equity by learning together, aligning, and integrating their actions to achieve population and systems level

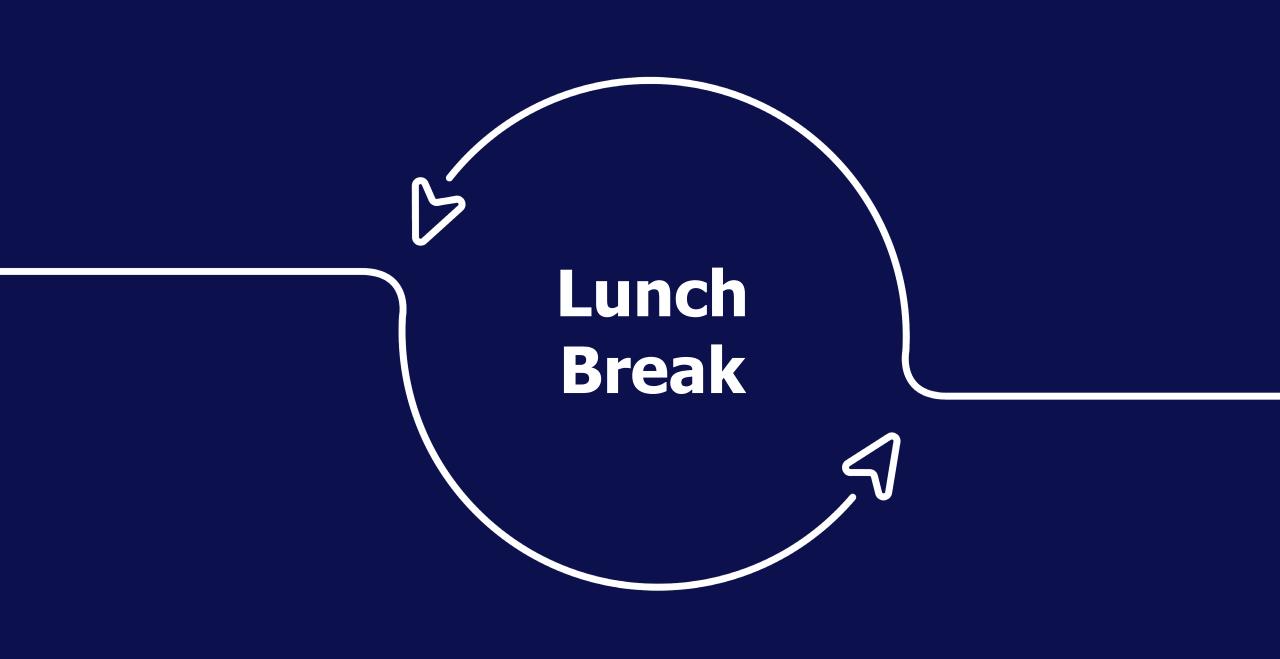
TOGETHER and RESPONSIBLY - PRM BANSKA BYSTRICA 2030

- FUA BANSKÁ BYSTRICA 2030













Metropolitan cooperation in a multilevel context

METRO PLUS 2021-27:

Support for 14 Metropolitan Cities in Italy

Giovanni Pineschi, METRO Programme Managing Authority, Italy













A new format for METRO in 21-27 Period:

The 2021-2027 programming continues and strengthens the intervention strategy in favor of the 14 Metropolitan Cities, **as**Intermediate Bodies, which participated in the PON Metro 2014-2020.

The financial allocation for the 14 Metropolitan Cities is **over 2.6 billion euros a**nd is divided as follows:

Bari, Cagliari, Catania, Messina, Naples, Palermo and Reggio Calabria (less developed regions) are assigned a financial allocation of approximately 1.6 billion euros which provides an availability of 225 million euros for each of the seven cities in the South and the islands.

Bologna, Florence, Genoa, Milan, Rome, Turin and Venice (more developed regions) are assigned a financial allocation of approximately 1 billion which provides an availability of approximately **142 million euros for each of the large cities in the center-north**.



METRO PLUS







39 South medium sized cities now involved

NP METRO Plus 2021-27 comprehends also 39 Intermediate Urban centres which play an important role for sustainable territorial development.

The 39 Small and Intermediate Urban Center in Southern Italy, inspiring by the Metropolitan Cities projects 2014-2020, now participates at the Programme as beneficiaries on two priorities:

- social innovation and inclusion (ESF)
- social innovation infrastructure (ERDF)

Medium size cities are also part of **a capacity building programme** arranged by the Managing Authority
through workshops, seminars and thematic networks with the
14 Capital Cities, among others (Horizontal cooperation).











New topics introduced in the METRO PLUS

The new NP #MetroPlus confirms the role of Intermediate Bodies (IBs) for the 14 Cities (Provincial Capital Municipalities) and introduces new specific objectives:

- digital transformation
- •jobs and skills in the local economy
- urban mitigation and resilience
- efficient building and renewable use of energy
- sustainable use of land and nature-based solutions
- environmental and circular economy
- green" mobility

- housing and urban poverty
- inclusion and social innovation
- culture enhancement and tourism

All these topics can be developed by the Urban

Authorities as single operation, or be integrated
toghether in a complex Urban rehabilitation project (so
called "Territorial Projects")

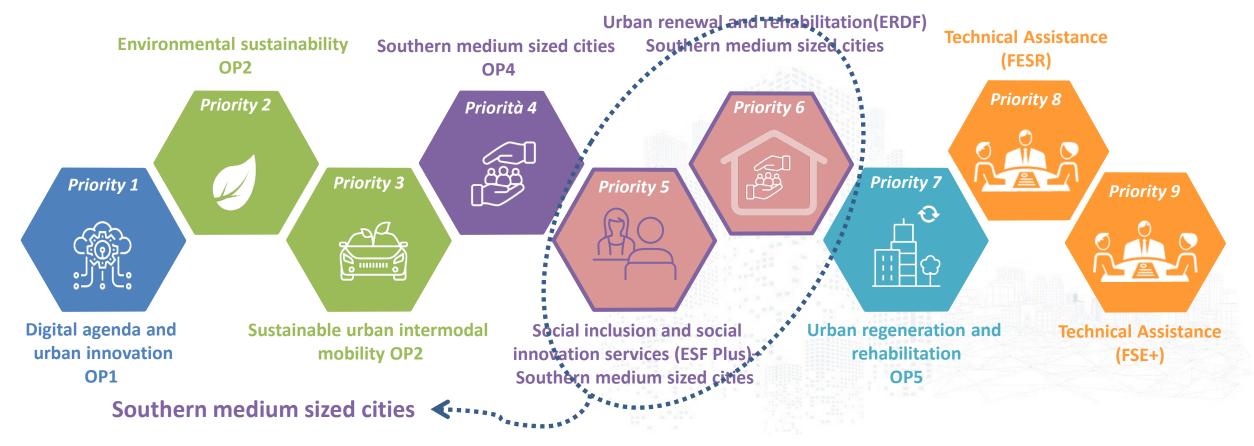








21-27 METRO PROGRAMME INTERVENTION FIELDS











Financial allocation per Metropolitan City

Budget devoted to More Developed Region's Cities (Central and Northern Cities)

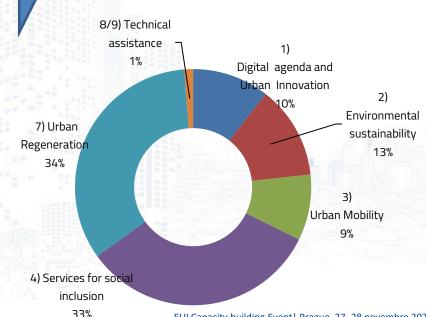
142 M€

Priority 1 Priority 2 Priority 3

Priority

Priority

Each metropolitan city, as an intermediate body, develops an ITI (Operational Plan)



Budget devoted to Less Developed Region's Cities (Islands and Southern Cities)







ERDF



PN Metro Plus 2021-2027

Specific objectives Breakdown in detail

Policy Objective 1 A Smarter Europe Specific Objectives: Reaping the benefits of digitisation for citizens, companies, research organisations and public

authorities; (a2)

Enhancing sustainable growth and

competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in

SMEs, including by productive investments (a3)

Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions;(b1)

Promoting renewable energy;(b2)

Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience(b4)

Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy;(b6)

Policy Objective 2

A Greener Europe

Specific Objectives:

Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas;(b7)

Urban sustainable mobility (b8)

Policy Objective 4

A more social Europe

ESF+

Specific Objectives:

Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services;(d2)

Promoting the socioeconomic inclusion of marginalised communities,(d3)

Enhancing the effectiveness and inclusiveness of labour markets; (d1)

Promoting the socio-economic integration of third country nationals,(d7)

Policy Objective 5

An Europe closer to citizens

ERDF

Specific Objectives:

Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security in urban areas;(e1)







Governance model: Management organization

Managing Strategic Steering board Authority decisions officiers TASK 1 **Expert Programme internal** group procedures TASK 2 **Project Expert 14 Metropolitan Cities Managers** implementation TASK 3 **Expert** 39 Medium sized cities implementation

Steering Committee organizations and events

Monitoring and control procedures

Programme's evaluation management

Communication strategy implementation

Relationship with Commission and EU structures

Assessment and guiding operations selection in design phase

Monitoring and support in implementation phase

Assessment and surveillance, support of complex strategic and critical operations

Complementarity with otther projecta funded by other Programmes









Thematic working Group (GDL)

Supports constantly the **Urban Authorities design and** in implementation phase

(GDL 1) **Digitalization** and innovation

(GDL 2)

(GDL 3)

Environment and energy

Mobility

(GDL 4) (GDL5) Inclusion ad Urban social Regeneration innovation

(GDL6)

Governance



Technicians, managers, representatives of 14 Metropolitan Cities and 39 Medium sized cities

Governance model: horizontal and vertical cooperation in INTERNATIONAL implementation phase

INITIATIVES



TECHNICAL SECTRETARIAT



OTHER NATIONAL AND REGIONAL PROGRAMMING





working

groups





Governance model:

Vertical

cooperation in design phase

Shared OPERATIONAL PLAN (ITI)



City managers. **Technical** responsibles, Planners, **Designers**

Budget assignation to the Urban **Authority**

Managing Authority

Launches a preliminary consultation

Sets the Programme structure rding to Cities' need (preliminary **Thematic** consultation)

> Allocates the Programme Budget for priority

Assessment of the operational Plan through the interaction between Thematic working groups

Assessment of the operations on Coherence with the Programme's objectives, regulatory admissibility of interventions, coherence with urban

Urban Authority (Intermediate Body)

Communicate the field of interest

Select a set of integrated operations according to his territorial strategy

Submission of a draft of **OPERATIONAL PLAN (ITI)**

Assessment of the operational Plan through the interaction between Thematic working groups









Managing Authority

In-depth monitoring activity

Monitoring

Procedural monitoring : chronogramme surveillance

Financial monitoring

Assessment/
Evaluation
/Support

Control

Content assessment: Coherence of implementation

Interim evaluation

Urban Authority (Intermediate Body)

Information about performances stranding or delays in implementation

Decision of modification/amendments

Complementarity with other operations

Budgetary revision and modification

Governance model: Vertical cooperation implementation phase

Financial and procedural control

Outputs and results controls









Programme linkage with urban strategies



STRATEGIC PLAN For METROPOLITAN APEA (Del RIO LAW)

In Metropolitan cities the strategy refers to the convergence of different planning and programming Territorials already acting in the territory

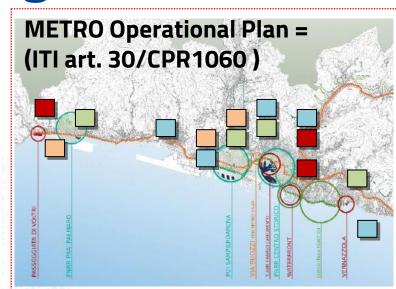
Strategy

(Art. 29/1060)

Sectorial Plans and programmes and (e.g. Sustainable Mobility Plan, Green Plan, Environmental and energy plans, Waste management plans etc.)

115 Metro Plus 2021-2027 support for 14 Metropolitan

Nationally directed urban programmes or negotiated programming tools (e.g. Recovery and Resilience Plans National Cohesion Programmes)



General territorial and urban plans; Action plans, and other implementation tools





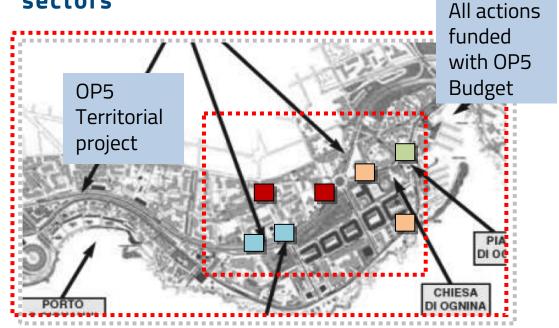




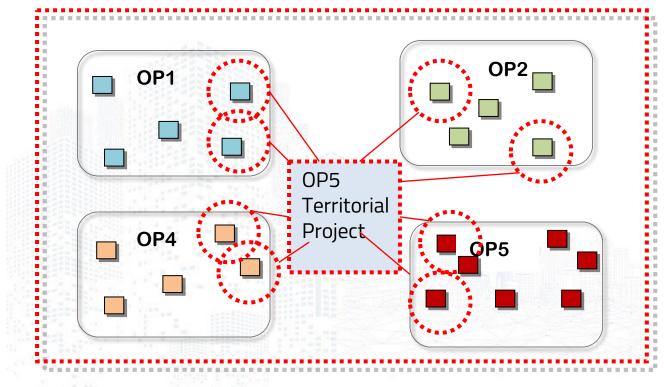


OP5 Axis 7: 2 ways to activate the territorial project

Mode 1) the territorial project uses internal financial resources of the OP5 axis but uses different intervention sectors



Mode 2) the territorial project uses financial resources related to different axes (OP)











Urban Park in Bari



Reggio Calabria Waterfront

NP METRO Operational PLAN



Operazione di

		importanza strategica ²⁸⁵
Fonti di finanziamento ²⁸⁶		Importanza strategica
Risorse PN METRO plus 21-27, al netto della flessibilità	4.279.301,00 €	
Importo flessibilità	0,00€	
Altre risorse pubbliche (se presenti)	0,00	
Risorse private (se presenti)	0,00	
Costo totale	4.279.301,00 €	
Eventuale fonte di finanziamento originaria	0,00	

Riconnessioni Sostenibili è una delle 12 azioni prioritarie dell'Action Plan Genova 2050 (DGC-2021-118) e presentata come Operazione di Importanza Strategica nella Programmazione 2021-2027 – PON-METRO PLUS. La stessa prevede la rigenerazione della fascia costiera della Città di Genova attraverso una serie di interventi estesi lungo un arco di circa 9 km.











The Territory Projects typology (5.1.2) supports interventions aimed at the integrated regeneration of a target area with various strategic initiatives, including co-design and participatory management.

Territorial projects

N. 18 Territorial Projects

- √ n. in 8 more Developed
- √ n. 10 in Less developed
- ✓ n. 14 in target areas and 4 spread in the urban area
- √ n. 8 complementary to the PNRR
- √ n. 8 above 20ML euros





Critical issues encountered more frequently

- •Territorial contextualization of operations also with respect to existing planning and programming
- •Consistency with the Programme's objectives Integration between the different operations of the PdT
- •Integration and complementarity with other Programming tools provided for by the PNRR, PR, etc

Solutions

•Review of project proposals - Verification of consistency with programming tools -Technical verification of consistency on the contents of the operations







Qualitative elements of the Managing Authority to support the Intermediate Bodies

- •Support for the territorialization of interventions (elaboration and improvement of master plans).
- •Review of individual operations with proposals to ensure the admissibility of expenditure, its speeding up, but also to increase the quality of the project (real coherence with the objectives of the programme).
- •Proposals for project modifications to increase the degree of efficiency of operations.
- •Support on the methods of data collection for the population of indicators (guidelines).
- Reinforced monitoring during the design phase of operations









Thanks for the attention!

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City-driven innovation ecosystems in Finland: experiences with national ITI design

Olli Voutilainen, Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment FINLAND





innocities

City-driven innovation ecosystems in Finland: experiences with national ITI design

Olli Voutilainen

Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment FINLAND



Outline

- 1. Quick introduction to the themes of the Finnish SUD / ITI as builder of Innovation Ecosystems
- 2. What changed from the previous Programming Period 2014-20 to the current Period?
- 3. How does the Finnish model as network stand out?



InnoCities =

Finnish university cities and towns
that have defined their own spearheads and lead themes
for competence and development
in ecosystem agreements made with national ministries



Cities with ecosystem agreements

Altogether 2.8 million people (50% of the population of Finland)

Around 85% of RDI spending

Espoo, Helsinki and Vantaa

Joensuu

Jyväskylä

Kokkola

Kuopio

Lahti

Lappeenranta (+Imatra)

Mikkeli

Oulu

Pori

Kajaani (+Sotkamo)

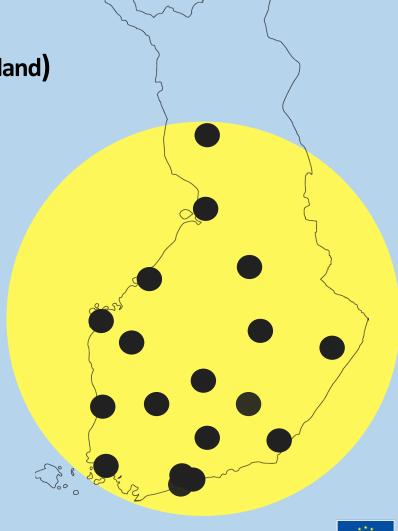
Rovaniemi

Seinäjoki

Tampere

Turku

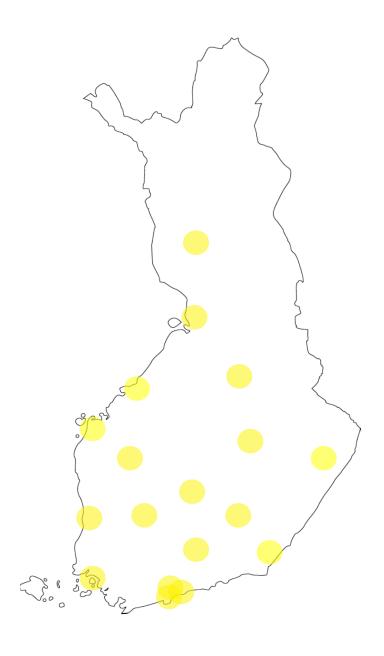
Vaasa





Cities' Ecosystem Agreements Main characteristics

- Agreements designed and written in co-creative process between each city and the Government
- Clear priority setting with spearhead competencies
- Ambitious and strategic approach, global level competencies and knowledge
- Long-term partnership between cities and national Government (2021-27)
- Links innovation policy to urban development policy / cities as platforms for innovation



Thematic activities within the Ecosystem agreements 2021-2027

Green transition

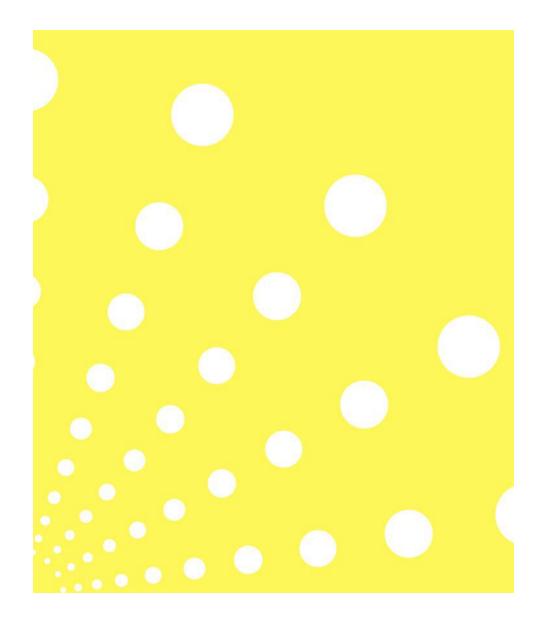
- Technology metals and circular economy
- Circular economy of urban water system
- Smart and sustainable urban solutions
- Circular economy of industrial waste water treatment
- Sustainable and smart energy systems
- New business in the forest bioeconomy and circular economy
- Green electrification
- Sustainable circular economy and clean solutions in urban areas
- Buildings, energy and infrastructure
- Battery chemicals
- Circular economy and intelligent solutions for industry
- Carbon-neutral circular economy

Digital transition and new technologies

- Automation and robotics
- New learning environments and digital solutions of skills development
- Digitalisation in the changing urban environment
- Sustainable regeneration of the food ecosystem
- Photonics business
- Renewing industry
- Measurement technology
- Intelligent regeneration of industry
- High-performance computing, artificial intelligence and data centres
- Sustainable industry X

Wellbeing

- Health and wellbeing technology
- Life sciences
- Digital wellbeing and health solutions
- Sports business
- Physical activity, health promotion and wellbeing
- Arctic tourism
- Wellbeing services of future and management of distances
- Digital health solutions



Pinpointed characteristics

- . City as a platform for innovation
- Links between sustainability and innovation ('sustaining innovation')
- Cities networks and their joint activities
- Quadruple-helix setting and added value of citizens

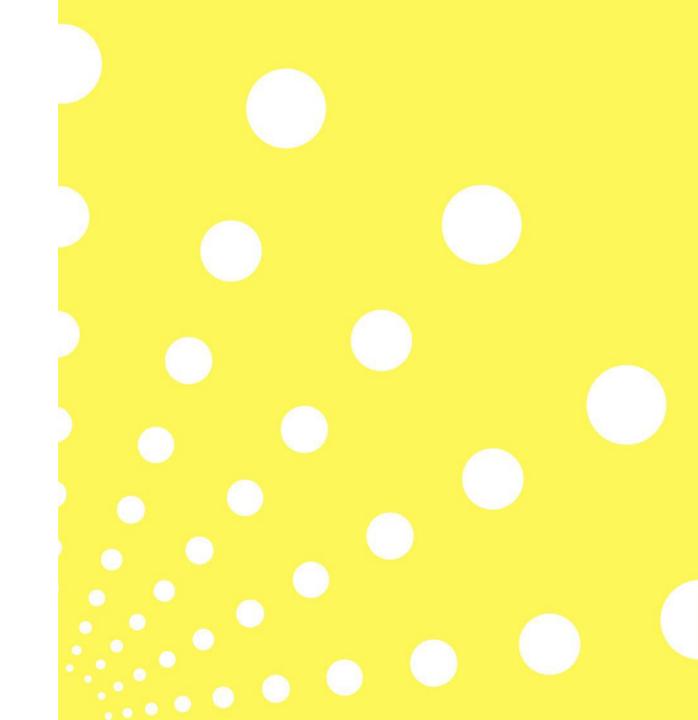


Coordination

Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment Finland

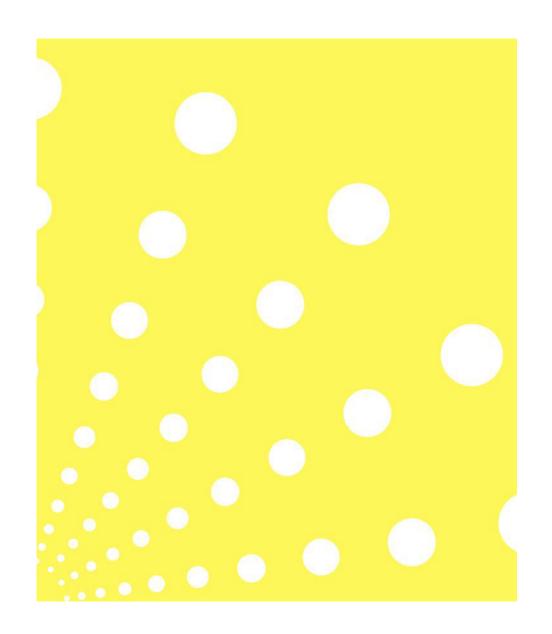
=> Council of Tampere Region as animator of network of cities Team of 4 people

National Steering Group (Ministries, Academia, Conferedation of Finnish Industries etc.)



What changed from Period 2014-20 to the current Period





Number of cities

- From 6 largest cities to 16 cities
 (comprising both university and university centre driven cities)
- Funding increased from 5 % to 8 % of ERDF, yet it was divided by more cities
- Political will to more balanced georaphical setting, still keeping a certain focus in distribution of limited SUD resources

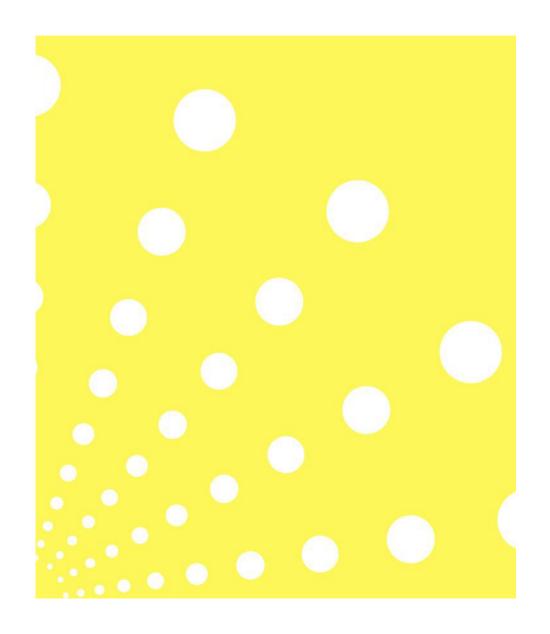


6 City Strategy: Sustainable Urban Development (SUD) in Finland 2014-21



- Focused on six major cities and their joint strategy
- Selected themes, Innovation platforms, Open data and Open participation)
- Sub-delegation implemented through joint Steering Board of cities
- Followed the ITI principle, combining several thematic objectives from ERDF and ESF programmes
- Strategy was initiated by cities and prepared in dialogue
- 6 cities to new level of co-operation: co-creation between cities and jointly implemented actions
- Brought a new way of making urban development policy: "Open code of collaboration" and simultaneous utilisation of digitalisation





SUD/ITI now

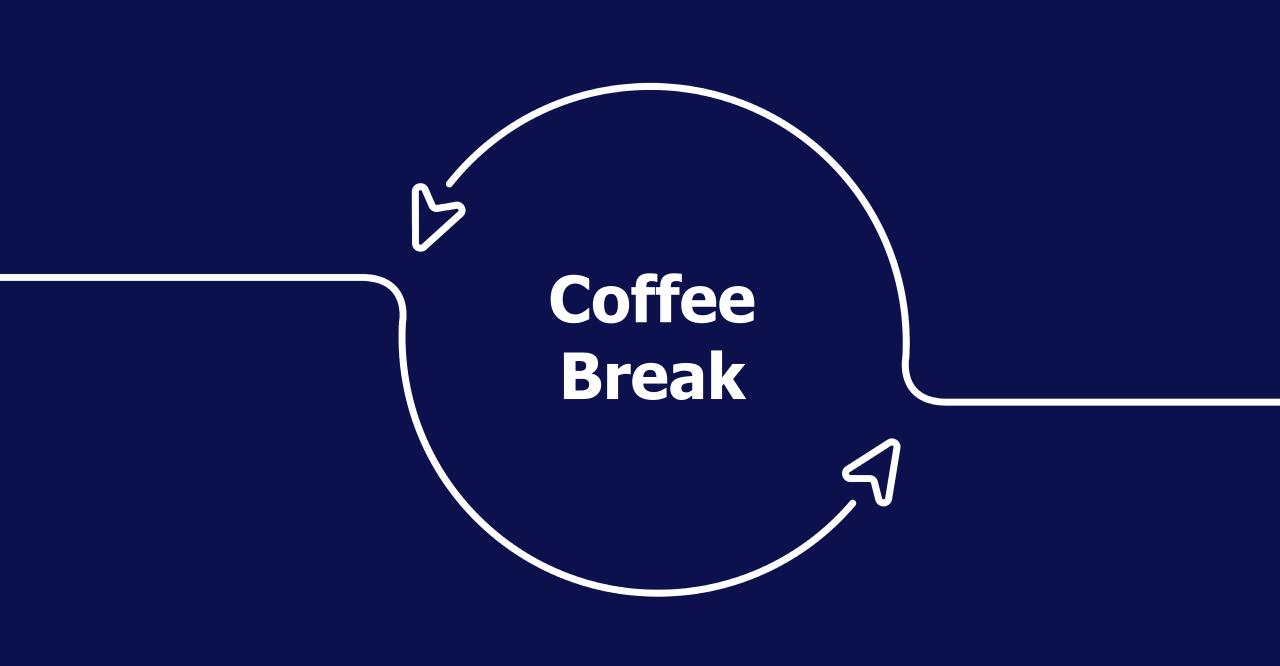
- Innovation ecosystem agreements as basis
- SUD strategy derived from the agreements by defining common nominators
- Structure supporting inter-city networking has been well maintained
- Lead Themes, combining 3-5 cities under a similar content very promising way of collaboration'
- The model allows both individual cities' actions and networked actions
- "Ownership" of cities to the vehicle



innocities

Contact
Olli Voutilainen, MEE
Riina Niemi, Regional Council of Tampere region





Functional Areas in the EU: key results of the project and lessons from Czech ITI

Marcel Ionescu-Heroiu, World Bank





FUNCTIONAL AREAS IN THE EU

KEY RESULTS OF THE PROJECT

and recommendations for Czech ITIs

EUROPEAN URBAN INITIATIVE

Marcel Ionescu-Heroiu Prague – November 27-28



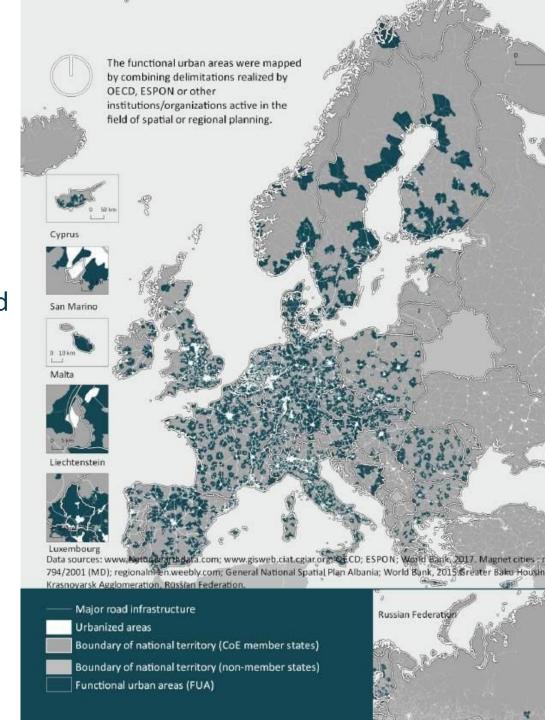






PROJECT'S FOCUS

- Strengthening inter-jurisdictional cooperation and synergies;
- Improving access of EU funds in functional areas;
- Fostering knowledge exchanges;
- Developing tools that can help strengthen FAs.



THE 12 FUNCTIONAL AREAS that received targeted support (Tier 1)

CROATIA

Zagreb Urban Agglomeration Population: 1,086,000

HUNGARY

Lake Balaton Functional Region Population: 257,620

ROMANIA

Caraș-Timiș Functional Area Population: 1,072,334

ROMANIA

Oradea Metropolitan Area Population: 279,842

CZECH REPUBLIC

Brno Metropolitan Area Population: 699,856

POLAND

Kalisz-Ostrów Agglomeration Population: 358,437

ROMANIA

Cluj Metropolitan Area Population: 445,600

ROMANIA

West Ialomița Functional Area Population: 25,566

GREECE

West Athens Population: 586,685

POLAND

Krakow Metropolitan Area Population: 1,076,117

ROMANIA

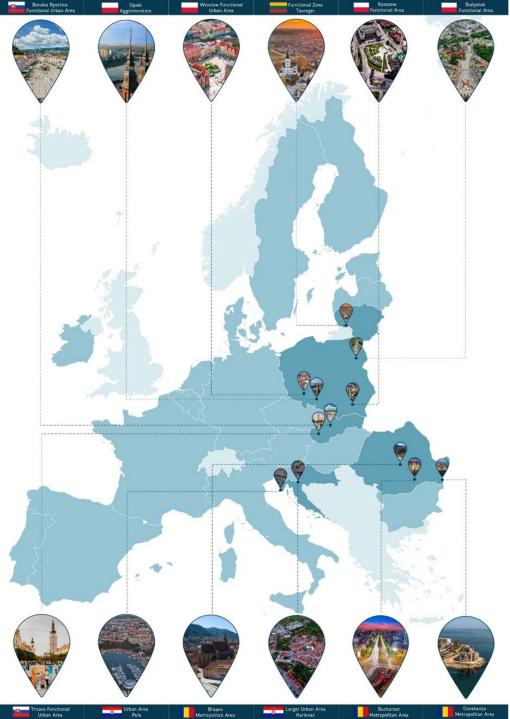
Jiu Conurbation and Jiu Valley Functional Area Population: 1,490,708

SLOVAKIA

Trenčín Functional Area Population: 73,327







THE 12 FUNCTIONAL AREAS that received short-term support (Tier 2)

CROATIA

Karlovac Larger Urban Area Population: 74,926

POLAND

Białystok Functional Area Population: 422,134

POLAND

Wrocław Functional Urban Area

Population: 994,925

ROMANIA

Constanța Metropolitan Area Population: 500,000

CROATIA

Pula Urban Area Population: 86,836

POLAND

Opole Agglomeration Population: 332,000

ROMANIA

Brașov Metropolitan Area Population: 479,741

SLOVAKIA

Trnava Functional Urban Area Population: 93,604

LITHUANIA

Tauragė+ Functional Zone Population: 91,802

POLAND

Rzeszow Functional Area Population: 394,000

ROMANIA

Bucharest Metropolitan Area Population: 2,400,000

SLOVAKIA

Banska Bystrica Functional Urban Area Population: 95,000



THE PROJECT IN NUMBERS

12 action plans & 66 individual activities

36 work sessions (non-target functional areas)

20 interviews & videos series on lessons learned https://functionalareas.eu/

12 Knowledge Exchange Activities:

workshops with over **1100** participants

2 European workshops

Featured event presentations: 23

Best practices collected from target and other FAs: **63**

Knowledge-sharing interventions: ${f 10}$

TAIEX applications, $\bf 2$ INTERREG, $\bf 1$ JTP

Deliverables & Guides: 40

16 newsletters sent to over 700 FAs in Europe

TIMELINE

4Q2021 Launch

Groundwork

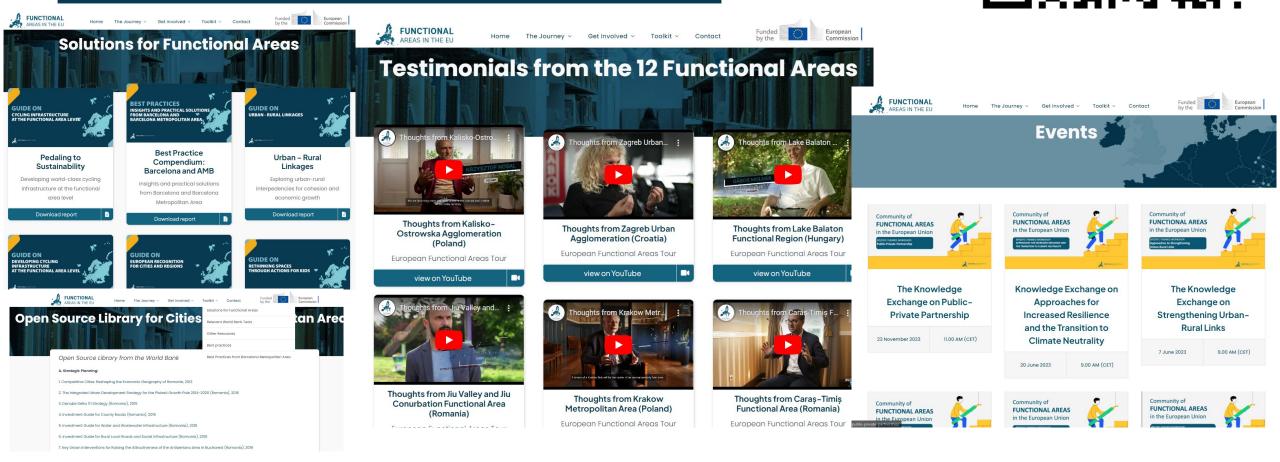
1Q2022 12+12 FAs selected 2-3Q2022 FAs' action plans formulated

Support to FAs (individual advisory, KEAs, website, study visits); progress reports

1Q2024 Toolkit 2Q2024 Final conference



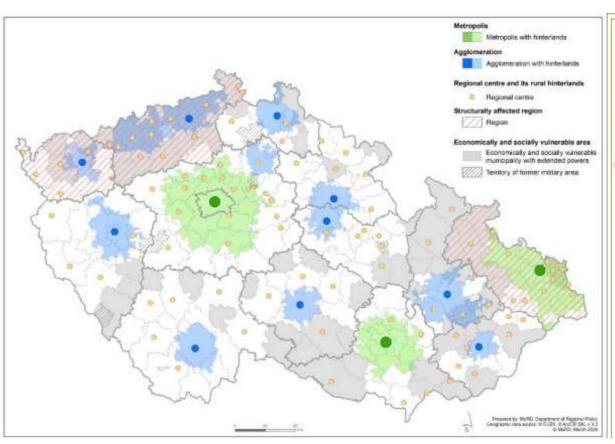
PROJECT WEBSITE: www.functionalareas.eu

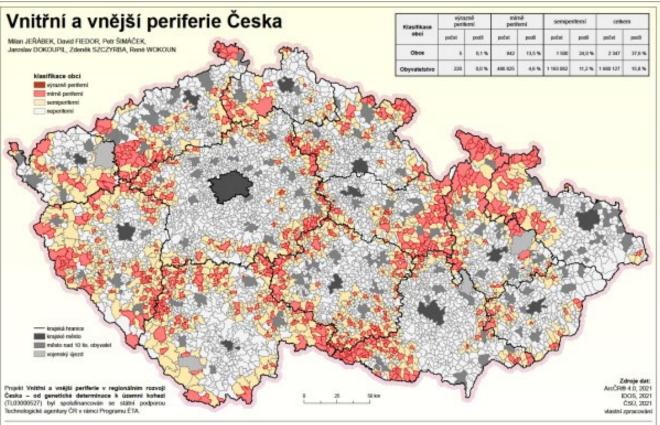


Recommendations for Czech ITIs

Czechia has already gotten so many things right, and has excellent growth and development inertia. The main question, therefore, is how to keep the momentum, and continue to innovate.



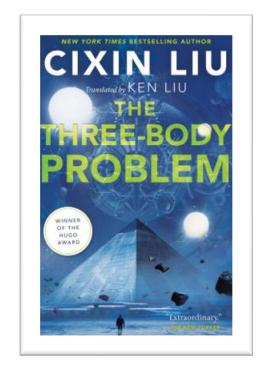


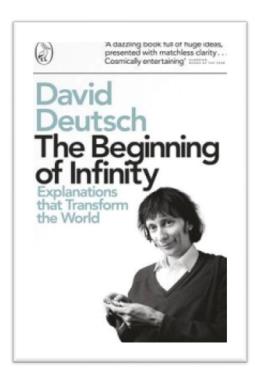


Decentralize, devolve, and give the mandate and power to local administrations to innovate

Some of the most influential policy papers (e.g. the Draghi Report), philosophical treatises (e.g. "The Beginning of Infinity"), or modern stories (e.g. "The Body Problem") discuss about the importance of engaging as many actors as possible in addressing the most important development problems.

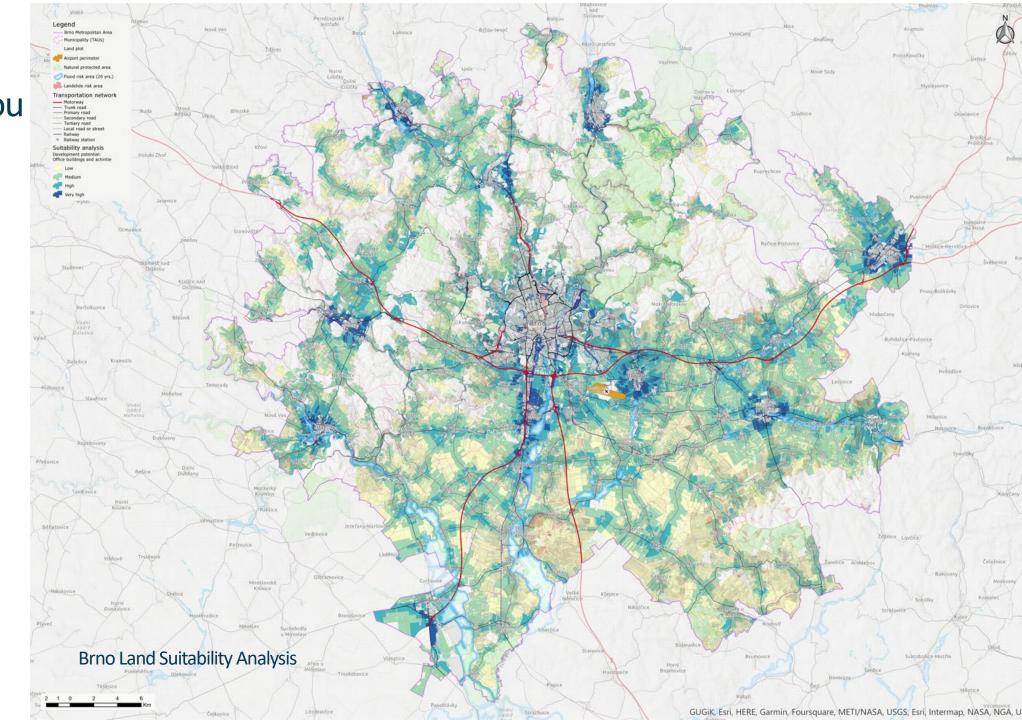








Develop and use tools that help you ask the right questions and develop theories that matter





Lobby for integrated and unified financial market in the EU, for an EU Mission focused on competitive metropolitan areas and promote financial education

These are three key recommendations that came from the METREX Conference in Bucharest







FUNCTIONAL AREAS IN THE EU

JOIN THE JOURNEY. ALONE YOU GO QUICK, TOGETHER WE GO FAR. VISIT THE WEBSITE AND ACCESS USEFUL SOLUTIONS!

www.functionalareas.eu

Děkuji moc!





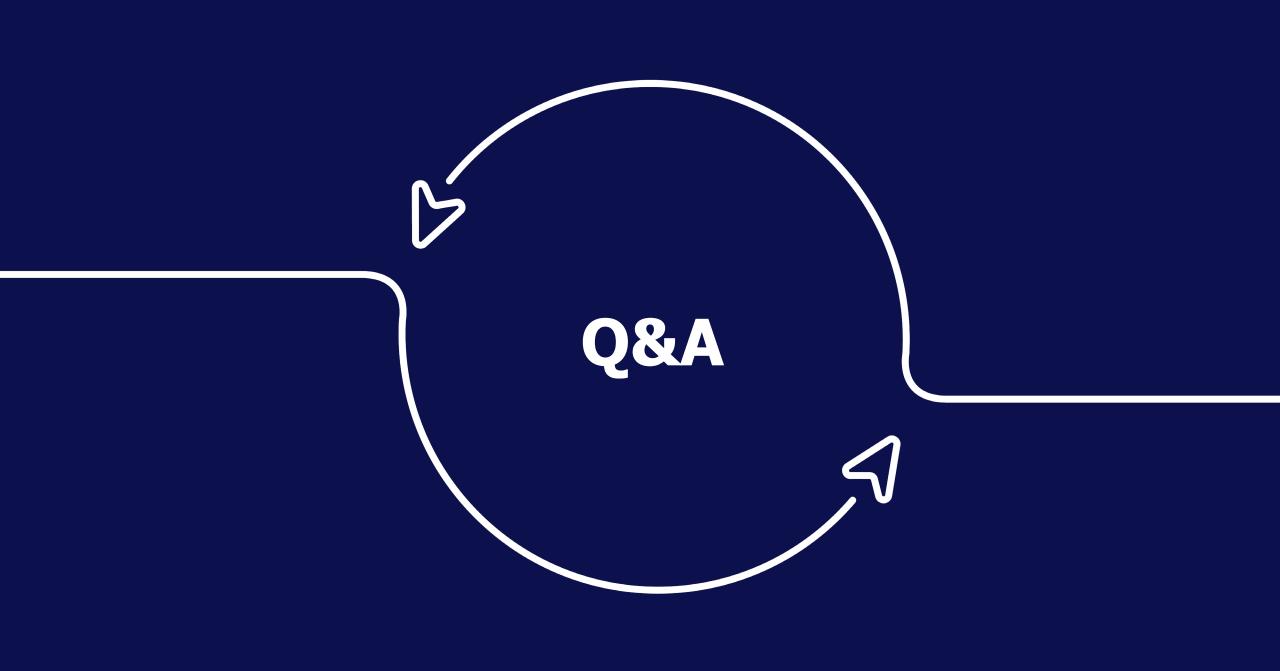


Panel discussion:

Multilevel discussion highlighting the main lessons of the day

- > František Kubeš, Brno City Municipality, Czechia
- Giovanni Pineschi, METRO Programme Managing Authority, Italy
- Marcel Ionescu-Heroiu, World Bank
- Letiţia Moţoc, Oradea Metropolitan Area, Romania
- Zbyněk Šimánek, Ministry of Regional Development, Czechia





Practical information

Networking Dinner: The Secret Gallery at 17:45pm

Day 2: See you tomorrow at 8:45 am

